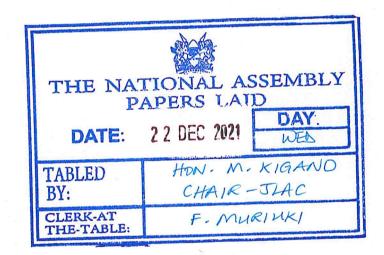


THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

TWELFTH PARLIAMENT – FIFTH SESSION – 2021 DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND LEGAL AFFAIRS

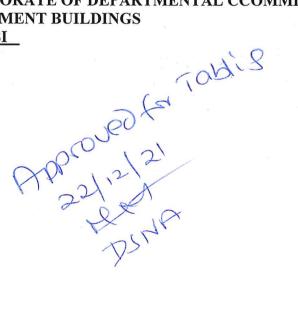
REPORT

ON THE CONSIDERATION OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 56), 2021



CLERK'S CHAMBERS
DIRECTORATE OF DEPARTMENTAL CCOMMITTEES
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
NAIROBI

DECEMBER 2021



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LIST OF ANNEXURES
CHAIRPERSON'S FOREWORD
CHAPTER ONE4
1.0 PREFACE4
2.0 Establishment and Mandate of the Committee
Committee Membership
-
CHAPTER TWO9

2.0 Overview of the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021.......9

2.1 Memorandum of Objects and Reasons......9

CHAPTER FOUR. 32

Table of Contents

LIST OF ANNEXURES

Minutes of Committee sittings on consideration of the Bill Annexure 1:

Copy of the newspaper advertisement inviting the public to present written submissions on the Bill. Annexure 2:

CHAIRPERSON'S FOREWORD

The Political Parties (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No.56), 2021 underwent First Reading on 2nd December, 2021 and was committed to the Departmental Committee on Justice and Legal Affairs for review and report to the House pursuant to the provisions of Standing Order 127(1) of the National Assembly Standing Orders.

The Bill seeks to amend the Political Parties Act, 2011 to address the overlapping mandate between IEBC and ORPP; to enhance effective management of political parties and define the role of ORPP regarding independent candidates; to implement the Constitution including Articles 82, 90, 91, 92, 93, 103, and 194; to address the gaps identified in execution of the ORPP's mandate, lessons learnt, and experiences; to address needs of Kenyans as drawn from stakeholder engagements; and to address domestic and international jurisprudence including the Katiba Institute case.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 118 of the Constitution and Standing Order 127 (3), the Committee through an advertisement in the local daily newspapers of 7th December 2021 invited the public to make representations on the Bill. The Committee also held consultations with the Registrar of Political Parties, Political Parties Disputes Tribunal and the Office of the Attorney-General on the Bill.

May I take this opportunity to commend the Committee Members for their devotion and commitment to duty, which made the consideration of the Bill successful. May I also express gratitude to the Offices of the Speaker and Clerk of the National Assembly for providing direction and the Committee secretariat for providing technical and logistical support.

On behalf of the Departmental Committee on Justice and Legal Affairs and pursuant to the provisions of Standing Order 199 (6), it is my pleasant privilege and duty to present to the House the report of the Committee on the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021 (National Assembly Bill No.56) of 2021.

Hon.Muturi Kigano, M.P.

CHAPTER ONE

1.0 PREFACE

1.1 Establishment and Mandate of the Committee

- 1. The Departmental Committee on Justice and Legal Affairs derives its mandate from Standing Order No. 216(5) which provides for the functions of Departmental Committees as follows-
 - (a) investigate, inquire into, and report on all matters relating to the mandate, management, activities, administration, operations and estimates of the assigned ministries and departments;
 - (b) study the programme and policy objectives of ministries and departments and the effectiveness of their implementation;
 - (c) study and review all legislation referred to it:
 - (d) study, assess and analyse the relative success of the ministries and departments as measured by the results obtained as compared with their stated objectives;
 - (e) investigate and enquire into all matters relating to the assigned ministries and departments as they may deem necessary, and as may be referred to them by the House;
 - (f) vet and report on all appointments where the Constitution or any law requires the National Assembly to approve, except those under Standing Order 204 (Committee on Appointments)
 - (g) examine treaties, agreements and conventions;
 - (h) make reports and recommendations to the House as often as possible, including recommendation of proposed legislation;
 - (i) consider reports of Commissions and Independent Offices submitted to the House pursuant to provisions of Article 254 of the Constitution; and
 - (j) Examine any questions raised by Members on a matter within its mandate.
- 2. The Second Schedule of the Standing Orders on Departmental Committees further outlines the subjects of the Committee, as follows-

- (a) Constitutional affairs;
- The administration of law and Justice;
 The Judiciary;
 Public prosecutions;
 Elections; (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)
- Ethics, integrity and anti-corruption; and (f)
- Human rights. (g)

1.2 Committee Membership

3. The Committee was constituted on Thursday, 14th December, 2017.The current membership is as follows-

Chairperson

Hon. Clement Muturi Kigano, M.P.

Kangema Constituency

Jubilee Party

Vice Chairperson

Hon. T.J Kajwang, M.P.

Ruaraka Constituency

ODM - Party

Hon. John Olago Aluoch, M.P.

Kisumu West Constituency

FORD-Kenya

Hon. Roselinda Soipan Tuya, M.P.

Narok County

Jubilee Party

Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, M.P.

Navakholo Constituency

Jubilee-Party

Hon. Josephine Naisula Lesuuda, M.P.

Samburu West Constituency

KANU-Party

Hon. George Peter Kaluma, M.P.

Homa Bay Town Constituency

ODM-Party

Hon. Junet Sheikh Mohammed, M.P.

Suna East Constituency

ODM-Party

Hon. W. Kamoti Mwamkale, M.P.

Rabai Constituency

ODM-Party

Hon. Zuleikha Hassan, M.P.

Kwale County

ODM-Party

Hon. Jennifer Shamalla, M.P.

Nominated MP

Jubilee Party

Hon. Anthony Oluoch M.P.

Mathare Constituency

ODM-Party

Hon. George Gitonga Murugara, M.P.

Tharaka Constituency

Democratic Party (DP)

Hon. John Kiarie Waweru, M.P.

Dagoretti South Constituency

Jubilee-Party

Hon. Adan Haji Yussuf, M.P.

Mandera West Constituency

Economic Freedom Party

Hon. Robert Gichimu Githinji, M.P

Gichugu Constituency

Jubilee-Party

Hon. Dan Rono, MP.

Keiyo South Constituency

Jubilee -Party

Hon. Anthony Githiaka Kiai, M.P.

Mukurueni Constituency

Jubilee-Party

Hon. Japheth Mutai, M.P.

Bureti Constituency

Jubilee-Party

1.3 Committee Secretariat

4. The Committee secretariat is as follows--

Mr. Abenayo Wasike

Principal Clerk Assistant

Lead Clerk

Mr. Denis Abisai

Ms. Halima Hussein

Deputy Director-DLS

Clerk Assistant II

Dr. Donald Manyala

Mr. Omar Abdirahim

Research Officer

Fiscal Analyst III

Ms. Emma Essendi

Legal Counsel I

Ms. Roselyne Ndegi

Ms. Noel Chelengat

Serjeant-at-Arms I

Media Liaison Officer

5. Minutes of sittings of the Committee on the consideration of the Bill. (Annexure 1).

CHAPTER TWO

2.0 OVERVIEW OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 56) OF 2021

2.1 Memorandum of Objects and Reasons

- 6. The principal purpose of the Bill is to amend the Political Parties Act, 2011.
- 7. Clause 1 of the Bill is the short title.
- 8. Clause 2 of the Bill proposes to amend the Act by replacing the definition of "political party" with a new definition which avoids cross references to Articles 91 and 260 of the Constitution; to delete the definition of "party primary" and to insert the following new definitions in the Act: "coalition political party", "direct party nomination", "indirect party nomination" and "statement of ideology" that are consistent with other proposed amendments to the Act contained in the Bill.
- 9. Clause 3 of the Bill proposes to insert two new sections. The proposed new Clause 4A deals with the roles and functions of a political party which includes recruitment and enlistment of members; nomination of candidates for elections; promotion of representation in Parliament and county assemblies of special interest groups; promotion and enhancement of national unity; mobilization of citizens in political decision-making; solicitation and articulation of public policy priorities; and shaping and influencing public policy. The proposed new Clause 4B provides for the reservation of a name, slogan and symbol for a proposed political party. The Registrar shall reserve the name, symbol or slogan for a period of ninety days.
- 10. Clause 4 of the Bill proposes to amend section 5 of the Act to provide that an application for the provisional registration of a political party shall be done after the reservation of a name, symbol and slogan. However, if the application is not made within 90 days, the reservation of the name, symbol or slogan of the proposed political party shall lapse. The clause also increases the validity period of provisional registration from 180 days (six months) to 270 days (nine months).

It is worth noting that there is a cross referencing error in clause 4 whereby the reference to clause 4A should refer to 4B.

- 11. **Clause 5** of the Bill proposes to amend section 6 of the Act to provide that an application for provisional registration shall be accompanied by a statement of the ideology of the proposed political party and the party slogan.
- 12. **Clause 6** of the Bill proposes to amend section 7 of the Act to provide that an application for full registration of a political party shall include the address of the official website of the political party. Clause 6 also exempts a coalition political party from the provisions of sections 5 and 6 of the Act. Section 5 deals with provisional registration of a political party while section 6 deals with application for provisional registration.
 - Clause 6 also proposes to provide for the procedure to be followed for the registration of a coalition political party, which includes the deposit of a coalition agreement. It further provides that the governance of a coalition political party shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act and regulations relating to the governance of a coalition. Lastly, it provides that a member of a coalition shall not be a member of another coalition.
- 13. Clause 7 of the Bill proposes to amend section 8 of the Act to include the slogan of a party as one of the factors to be considered in making a determination of whether or not to register a political party. Clause 7 also increases the grounds upon which the Registrar may decline registration of a political party to include if the name, slogan, abbreviation or symbol is similar to, or associated with, a group or association that has been proscribed under any written law or is against the public interest.
- 14. Clause 8 of the Bill proposes to amend section 10 of the Act to provide for the formation of a coalition political party. Further, it provides that whereas a coalition shall deposit the coalition agreement with the Registrar at least 3 months before the election, a coalition political party shall deposit the coalition agreement with the Registrar at least 6 months before the election.
- 15. Clause 9 of the Bill proposes to delete subsections (5), (5A), (6) and (7) of section 14 of the Act. These proposals have been accommodated in clause 10 in the proposed new sections 14A and 14B.
- 16. Clause 10 of the Bill proposes to amend the Act by inserting new sections 14A and 14B.(a) Section 14A (1) is similar to the current section 14(5) which deals with when a member of a political party is deemed to have resigned.

- (b) Sub clause (2) is a new addition, which provides that a political party shall before deeming a member to have resigned, notify and afford such member a fair opportunity to be heard.
- (c) Sub clause (3) is similar to the current section 14(5A) save that the seven day period within which to notify the Registrar of a political party deeming a member to have resigned has been removed and thus there is no time limit. The proposed amendment also provides that the political party shall request the Registrar to remove the person's name from the register of members of that political party.
- (d) Sub clause (4) provides that the Registrar if satisfied that the correct procedure was used to remove such member, the Registrar shall remove the name from the Register within seven days of the notification and notify the member in writing.
- (e) Sub clause (5) provides that if the Registrar is not satisfied with the procedure of removing a member, the Registrar shall refer the matter back to the political party.
- (f) Sub clause (6) is similar to the current section 14 (6) which exempts the provisions sub clause (1) (c), (d) and (e) to a member of a political party which enters or proposes to enter into a merger or coalition with another political party.
- (g) The proposed new section 14B is similar to the current section 14(7), which deals with the expulsion of a member from a political party.
- 17. **Clause 11** of the Bill proposes to amend section 16 of the Act to require the Registrar to publish the declaration giving details of all assets and expenditure of a political party in the *political party's official website* in addition to the Gazette and at least one daily newspaper.
- 18. **Clause 12** of the Bill proposes to amend section 20 of the Act to provide that the notification of proposed changes or alterations to the constitution of a political party shall be made in *one* newspaper with a nationwide circulation, instead of two newspapers, and in *the official website* of the political party.
 - The clause also provides for the addition of two new sub clauses that provide that an objection to the proposed changes shall be dealt with in accordance with the constitution of the political party and the political party shall inform the Registrar of the manner in which the objection was dealt with.

Ultimately, if the Registrar is satisfied that the political party has complied with the provisions of this section, the Registrar shall inform the political party that the change, amendment or alteration has been made.

19. **Clause 13** of the Bill provides for the amendment to section 21 of the Act to provide for both the suspension and deregistration of a political party and the applicable process for suspension or deregistration.

The clause also introduces new sub clauses allowing a party, which is dissatisfied with the decision to suspend it to apply to the Registrar for review. Further, a political party is also allowed to appeal to the Tribunal if dissatisfied with the decision of the Registrar.

There is need to provide that the appeal to the Tribunal should be after the review by the Registrar. In addition, as there is already a subsection (6A), the proposed sub clause (7) will need to be renumbered.

20. Clause 14 of the Bill provides for the amendment of section 22 of the Act to provide for the continued holding of an office established under the Constitution by a person elected to that office after the deregistration of the political party to which that person belongs, whether or not the person joins another political party or remains independent of any political party.

The Bill also proposes to delete the provision that provided that if a political party was deregistered due to the willful act or omission of a Member of Parliament or county assembly, such member shall cease to be a member of Parliament or county assembly.

- 21. Clause 15 of the Bill provides for the amendment of section 25 with regard to the disbursements from the Political Parties Fund. It proposes as follows:
 - (a) The percentage of the Fund to be distributed proportionately by reference to the total number of votes secured by each political party in the preceding general election has been reduced from 80% to 70%.
 - (b) 15% of the Fund shall now be distributed proportionately to political parties based on the number of candidates of the political party from special interest groups elected in the preceding general election and not just to political parties qualifying under paragraph (a).

- (c) 10% of the Fund proportionately to political parties based on the total number of representatives from the political party elected in the preceding general election. This is a new consideration.
- (d) 5% for the administration expenses of the Fund has remained constant.
- (e) The limitation on funding under subsection (2) now only applies to subsection (1)(a) and not (1) as was the case.
- (f) Finally, new sub clause (2B) has been introduced which further limits entitlement from the Political Parties Fund.
- 22. Clause 16 of the Bill proposes to amend section 26 of the Act by introducing a new subsection that provides that in the case of a coalition political party, the Registrar in accordance with the coalition agreement shall distribute the monies allocated.
- 23. Clause 17 of the Bill provides for the amendment of section 29 of the Act to provide that the publication of a political party's sources of funds shall be made in *one* newspaper with a nationwide circulation, instead of two, and in the official website of the political party.
- 24. Clause 18 of the Bill proposes to amend section 30 of the Act to provide that a political party should submit a register of its members and a statement of its assets and liabilities at least 120 days (four months) before a general election as opposed to the current 60 days (two months).
- 25. **Clause 19** of the Bill proposes to amend section 31 of the Bill by deleting subsection (3). The deletion removes the requirement for the Auditor-General to:
 - (a) annually audit the accounts of every political party;
 - (b) submit the same to the Registrar; and
 - (c) table the audited accounts in the National Assembly.
- 26. Clause 20 of the Bill proposes to amend section 34 of the Act to provide for additional functions of the Registrar which shall include the keeping and maintaining a register of members of political parties; the certification that an independent candidate in an election is not a member of any registered political party; certification that symbols intended to be used by independent candidates in an election are not similar to symbols of registered political parties; certification that names appearing in a party list presented by a political

- party during an election are the names of members of the political party presenting the party list; and party election agents.
- 27. Clause 21 of the Bill provides for the insertion of new sections 34B and 34C in the Act. The proposed new section 34B provides for the establishment of a political parties management information system. The Registrar shall use the system to process political party records. The Registrar shall make Regulations to effect the provisions of this section.
 - The proposed new section 34C provides for the powers of the Registrar to make changes in respect of political parties' records such as the deregistration of a political party.
- 28. Clause 22 of the Bill provides for the insertion of a new Part IVA consisting of new sections on political party nominations as follows:
- (a) **New clause 38A** provides for the methods of conducting nominations which are either direct party nomination or indirect party nomination;
- (b) **New clause 38B** provides for the establishment of structures by political parties when conducting party nominations. These include establishment of mechanisms for the resolution of disputes arising out of the nominations; designation of the person who shall issue nomination certificates to candidates after political party nominations; and prescription of the functions of the body within the political party that shall be responsible for conducting the nominations.
- (c) **New clause 38C** provides for the participation of registered members of a political party in its nominations. The provision further provides that a political party shall not allow any person who is not a registered member of the political party to participate in the party nominations;
- (d) **New clause 38D** provides that a political party shall ensure that the register of members used in party nominations is accessible to the registered members of the party.
- (e) **New clause 38E** provides for the notification on party nominations, which includes informing the Registrar on the method it intends to use to conduct party nominations, the date and venue of party nominations and the list of members who wish to be nominated by the party.
- (f) New clause 38F provides for the conduct of direct party nominations;
- (g) New clause 38G provides for the conduct of indirect party nominations;

- (h) New clause 38H provides for the vetting of candidates contesting party nominations; and
- (i) **New clause 38I** provides the period within which political party nomination disputes should be resolved by the political party which is 30 days after the date of the party nominations.
- 29. Clause 23 of the Bill provides for the amendment of section 40 of the Act to provide that the Political Parties Disputes Tribunal shall also hear and determine disputes relating to political party nominations.
 - Clause 23 also provides that the Tribunal shall not hear or determine disputes between members of a coalition political party. A coalition agreement shall provide for internal dispute resolution mechanisms. An appeal to the decision of the coalition political party dispute resolution mechanism shall lie to the High Court then to the Court of Appeal.
- 30. Clause 24 of the Bill provides for the amendment of section 45 of the Act to provide that the enlistment of a person as a member of a political party without that person's consent shall be an offence.
- 31. **Clause 25** of the Bill provides for the amendment of section 49 (2) of the Act to provide that the Registrar may make regulations for the conduct of political party nominations.
- 32. Clause 26 of the Bill provides for the amendment of the Second Schedule to the Act to provide that the constitution of a political party shall provide for the address of the official website of the political party.
- 33. Clause 27 of the Bill provides for consequential amendments to the Elections Act, No. 24 of 2011, and proposes the insertion of new sections 28A and 35A.in the Act relating to the role of the Registrar of Political Parties in the certification of the membership lists of a political party and the certification of political party lists.

CHAPTER THREE

3.0 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN THE REVIEW OF THE BILL

- 34. The Committee undertook public participation on the Bill in compliance with the provision of Article 118 (1) (b) of the Constitution as read together with Standing Order 127 (3). Advertisements inviting the public to make any submission regarding the Bill were placed in local daily newspapers on Tuesday 7 December 2021. (Annexure 2).
- 61. The Committee held a meeting with the Registrar of Political Parties, Chairperson of the Political Parties Disputes Tribunal and a representative from the Office of the Attorney-General and Department of Justice. The three parties made joint submissions in support of the Bill and proposed some amendments as presented in this report.
- 62. The Registrar of Political Parties and the Office of the Attorney General submitted that with the 2010 Constitution, the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission was established under Article 88. ORPP transitioned as a department in the Electoral Commission of Kenya, Interim Independent Electoral Commission and finally in the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission.
- 63. Even with the enactment of the Political Parties Act, 2011, the Office of the Registrar of Political Parties continued to operate under the umbrella of the IEBC. It is only in 2015 that ORPP fully delinked from the IEBC. This previous relationship has led to an overlap in mandate that can only be cured through legal reform.
- 64. They stated that in proposing amendments to the Act, the ORPP was informed by the need for reforms:
- a) To address the overlapping mandate between IEBC and ORPP;
- b) To enhance effective management of parties and define the role of ORPP regarding independent candidates;
- c) To implement the Constitution including Articles 82, 90, 91, 92, 93, 103, and 194;
- d) To address the gaps identified in execution of the Office's mandate, lessons learnt, and experiences;
- e) To address needs of Kenyans as drawn from stakeholder engagements; and
- f) To address domestic and international jurisprudence including the Katiba Institute case.
- 65. The ORPP organized stakeholders engagement as follows:
- a) Technical Caucus Consultative Meeting on the Review of the Political Parties Act, 2011 held at Sarova Woodlands Nakuru on 10th February 2020;
- b) Political Parties Consultative Meeting held from 1st to 3rd March, 2020 at Sarova Woodlands Nakuru;
- c) State actors and Civil Society Organizations workshop held from 5th to 9th October, 2020;
- d) State actors in electoral processes workshop held from 13th to 16th June, 2021 at Great Rift Valley Lodge in Nakuru;

- e) Drafters Retreat comprised of State actors in electoral processes held from 4th to 7th July 2021 in Naivasha;
- f) Political Parties' Secretaries-General Meeting Held from 27th to 30th July 2021 at Sarova Woodlands, Nakuru County on Draft Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021; and
- g) Political Parties Liaison Committee Meeting held on 3rd August 2021 at Tamarind Tree Hotel in Nairobi on the Draft Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021.
- 66. The Registrar of Political Parties stated that she held further engagement with:
- a) The Office of the Attorney-General, IEBC and ORPP held on Tuesday, 27th July 2021
- b) Memoranda by the Council of Governors
- c) National Development Implementation Technical Committee (NDITC) Legal Sub-Committee meeting held on 31st August, 2021
- d) Meeting between Office of the Attorney General and ORPP on 10th September 2021.
- 67. The presented an overview of the Bill and stated that the Bill provides for the following:
- a) The definition of a political party to include a coalition political party.
- b) The definition of party nominations to differentiate the same from registration of candidates for elections.
- c) Roles of Political Parties as required under Article 92(d) of the Constitution;
- d) Registration of coalitions and submission of pre-election coalition agreements at least 6 months before election.
- e) That a party can only be in one coalition.
- f) The timeline for reservation of name/symbol/colour and lifespan of provisional registration.
- g) Streamlining the resignation, expulsion of party members, and deeming of resignation including the organ that does the deeming.
- h) The disbursement of funds by the Registrar to a coalition party according to coalition agreement.
- i) Regulation and monitoring of nominations, role on independent candidates in terms of party membership status and symbols, and of training party election agents.
- j) The introduction of ideologies of political parties; an aspect that is done in practice.
- k) Deletion of unconstitutional provisions from the Act including section 22(3) that attempts to introduce a new ground on how a vacancy arises in Parliament of county assembly (where a party member instigates deregistration of a political party).
- 1) Introduction of alternative forms of publications.
- m) Alignment of timelines in the Act with timelines under the Elections Act, 2011 for instance on submission of party membership register.
- n) The original jurisdiction for party primaries disputes to be the party IDRM.
- o) Disputes between members of a coalition political party subjected to IDRM, High Court, and CoA.
- 68. To remedy the issues raised by political parties on the Fund, the Bill is proposing new distribution criteria of the PPF as follows:
- a) 70% to be distributed proportionately by reference to the total number of votes secured by each political party in the preceding general election;

- b) 15% to be distributed proportionately to political parties based on the number of candidates of the political party from SIGs elected in the preceding general election;
- c) 10% to be distributed proportionately to political parties based on the total number of representatives from the political party elected in the preceding general election; and
- d) 5% for the administration expenses of the Fund.
- 69. Amendment to Section 27 of the Elections Act, 2011 to enable the ORPP certify party nomination rules prior to submission of the same by parties to the IEBC.
- 70. Amendment to Section 28 of the Elections Act, 2011 to enable the ORPP certify party membership lists prior to submission of the same by parties to the IEBC.
- 71. Amendment to Section 35 of the Elections Act, 2011 to enable the ORPP verify and ascertain the party membership status of nominees on the party lists before parties submit the same to the IEBC.
- 72. That it is an offence to enlist someone in a party without their consent.
- 73. Further, the Registrar of Political Parties proposed the following amendments to the Bill:

PROPOSED AMEND	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS BY THE REGISTRAR OF POLITICAL PARTIES			
BILL	PROPOSAL	JUSTIFICATION	OBSERVATION	
	of the coalition agreement from 6 months to 5	coalition political	reasonable and the period should be	
		It is to be noted that the timeline of 150 days is only applicable to a coalition political party.		

Clause 15 on the reviewed criterion on distribution of the PPF	Consider replacing the proposed new sub clause (2B) with the following new subclause: Despite subsection (1), a political party shall not be	The 70% of the fund as proposed in the Bill has already been subjected to the conditions under the current Section 25(2)	The proposal is accepted.
	entitled to receive funding from the Fund under subsection (1) (b) if— (a)more than two-thirds of its registered office bearers are of the same gender; (b) the party does not have, in its governing body, representation of special interest groups	of the Act. The proposed new sub clause (2B) (c) as presently drafted defeats the purpose of promoting the representation of special interest groups.	
		Subjecting the 15% allocated to the Special Interest Groups to the requirement of a two-third gender compliant governing body and representation of special interest groups builds towards affirmative action and meaningful inclusion of Article 100 demographics in political parties.	
Clause 18 on the extension of the period within which parties submit a register of its members and a statement of its assets and liabilities to ORPP from 60 days to 120 days.	Consider changing the period to 90 days as opposed to the 120 days as proposed in the Bill.	To align with other electoral timelines including the proposal by the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission whereby the IEBC has proposed to reduce the period of submission of party	The proposal is accepted.

		membership lists	
		under Section 28 of	
		the Elections Act,	
		2011 from 120 days	
		to 90 days. This saves	
		parties and duty	
		bearers from	
		repetition of activities	
C1 10 1:1		and processes.	
Clause 19 which	Consider deleting Section	Mandatory auditing	The proposal is
provides for deletion	31(3) in the substantive	of political parties	accepted.
of Section 31(3)	Act and replacing the	that are beneficiaries	accepted.
which provides that	same with the following	of the PPF is in line	
the accounts of every	two elements;	with principles of	
political party shall be		public finance on	
audited annually by		accountability on use	11.00
the Auditor-General	(3) The accounts of every	of public resources.	
and shall be submitted	political party that is	Auditing molitical	
to the Registrar and	allocated funds from the	Auditing political parties that are	
tabled in the National	Fund shall be audited	A 100	
Assembly.	annually by the Auditor-		
	General and shall be	Fund enable the	
	submitted to the Registrar	Registrar to	
	and tabled in the National	i	
	Assembly.	of the Constitution	
	(3A) The Pagistrer may	and ensure that	
	(3A) The Registrar may establish a mechanism for	parties do not	
		contravene Section	
	an annual audit of every	27 of the Political	
	political party that is not	Parties Act, 2011	
	allocated funds from the	which makes some	
	Fund.	sources of funds i.e.	
		from a foreign	
		government illegal.	
Clause 20 (c) (fc) on	Consider replacing the	This is a practical	Retain the proposal in
training political party	proposal with:	proposal that can be	
election agents.	Training political party	efficiently	the Bill as the concern
	chief agents.	implemented by the	is provided for under
	emer agents.	ORPP. Further, apart	
		from Chief Agents,	(fe).
		lessons from past	
		experiences illustrate	
		that timely training of	
		Chief Agents enable	£
		them (Chief Agents)	
		to cascade the same.	
		The same of the sa	

Clause 21 on 34B on use of technology.	Consider redrafting the proposed new clause 34B (1) to:	For clarity and certainty.	The proposal is accepted.
	Subject to this section, the Registrar may establish a political parties management information system.		
	Consider redrafting the proposed new clause 34B (2) to:	For clarity and certainty.	
	The Registrar shall use the system established under subsection (1) for processing political parties' data and records for the purposes of this Act		
in the second se	Consider redrafting the proposed new clause 34C (1) (a) by deleting the repeated words so that it reads as:	Correction of a typographical/grammatical error.	
	The application by a provisionally registered political party for full registration has not been granted.		
Clause 22 on party nominations with respect to direct nominations under 38F(2).	Consider introducing a new subclause (3) to provide that the details submitted to the Registrar shall be published on the party's website.	Access to information for party members.	The proposal is accepted.
Clause 23 with respect to disputes related and incidental to a	Consider deleting subclauses (3), (5), (6), (7) and (8) that provide	Consistency, good order, and the fact that the PPDT was	The proposal is accepted.

		1 30	
coalition political party.	resolving disputes for members of a coalition political party so that a coalition political party is treated like any other political party— this means that the PPDT should be clothed with jurisdiction to entertain coalition political party disputes.	disputes of this nature.	
Clause 25 which provides for the amendment of section 49 of the PPA to accord the Registrar the power to make Regulations on prescribing the manner of conducting political party nominations.	Consider replacing the same with; (ca) prescribing the manner of regulating political party nominations.	To operationalize section 34 of the PPA that stipulates that the Registrar has the mandate to regulate and monitor party nominations.	The proposal is accepted.
Section 39 on establishment of the Tribunal	Consider inserting a new clause in the Bill to provide: The principal Act is amended by— (a) Inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b) "(c) The members of the Tribunal shall elect a Vice Chairperson from among the members who are Advocates of the High Court of Kenya under paragraph (b)".	The position of the Vice-Chairperson is significant for purposes of deputizing the normal operations and in circumstances where the term of the Chairperson has lapsed.	The proposal is accepted.
	(b) inserting the	Appointment of	

following new section immediately after section 39 -

Section 39A

Appointment of ad hoc members of the Tribunal (1) At least six months to the date of a general election. the Judicial Service Commission shall appoint not more than eighteen ad hoc members of Tribunal of whom:

- (a) nine shall be
 Advocates of the
 High Court of
 Kenya of at least
 seven years
 standing; and
- (b) nine shall be professionals with outstanding governance, administrative, social, political, economic and other record.
- (2) The ad hoc members of the Tribunal shall hold office for a term not exceeding one year.
- (3) The ad hoc members of the Tribunal shall serve together with the members of the Tribunal and they shall be responsible to the Chairperson of the Tribunal.
- (4) A person shall not be qualified to be appointed as an ad hoc

additional ad hoc members will enable the Tribunal expeditiously determine cases before it noting the strict electoral timelines during an election period. Further. experience and lessons learnt illustrate the that mandatory 3-month timeline within which the Tribunal must determine disputes is a difficult timeline to meet.

Further, the Tribunal intends to, not confine sittings in Nairobi, to enable access to justice. This can only be achieved through increasing the capacity of the Tribunal.

	member of the Tribunal if that person is a public officer or holds office in a political party. (5) A person shall not qualify for appointment under this section unless the person has met the requirement of Chapter Six of the Constitution.		
Section 40(2) on the requirement for conclusion of the Internal Disputes Resolution Mechanism before PPDT hears a matter.	Consider deleting the words "unless the dispute has been heard and determined by the internal political party dispute resolution mechanisms" and substituting therefor the words "unless a party adduces evidence of an attempt to subject a dispute to the internal political party dispute resolution mechanisms"	From experience, some parties frustrate their members by delaying resolution of disputes.	The proposal is accepted.
Section 41(2) on the appellate stages.	Consider limiting the appellate stages to the High Court.	The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court is provided under Article 163 of the Constitution hence the Political Parties Act, 2011 cannot purport to amend the Constitution; the reasoning in Wilson Ong'ere Ochola v. ODM & 3 Others, CA No. 271 of 2017 stipulates that an Act of Parliament cannot change the jurisdiction of SCOK which jurisdiction is spelt out in the Constitution.	Appeals should terminate at the Court of Appeal and not the High Court as proposed.

In terms of electoral timelines. timeline within which a dispute has to be heard from a party Internal Disputes Resolution Mechanism all the way to the Court of Appeal translates to a difficulty implementing court orders and or delaying electoral activities.

74. The Committee also received amendments to the Bill from the Political Parties Tribunal as follows:

BILL	PROPOSAL	JUSTIFICATION	OBSERVATION
New Clause	Consider inserting a new clause in the Bill to provide: The principal Act is amended by — (a) Inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b) "(c) The members of the Tribunal shall elect a Vice Chairperson from among the members who are Advocates of the High Court of Kenya under paragraph (b)".	PPDT to resolve disputes expeditiously especially during the peak pre-election dispute resolution period that is normally characterised by a	The proposal is accepted.

(b) inserting the following new section immediately after section 39 -

Section 39A

Appointment of ad hoc members of the Tribunal (1) At least six months to the date of a general election, the Judicial Service Commission shall appoint not more than eighteen ad hoc members of the Tribunal of whom:

- (a) nine shall be Advocates of the High Court of Kenya of at least seven years standing; and
- (b) nine shall be professionals with outstanding governance, administrative, social, political, economic and other record.
- (2) The ad hoc members of the Tribunal shall hold office for a term not exceeding one year.
- (3)The ad hoc members of the Tribunal shall serve together with the members of the Tribunal and they shall be responsible to the Chairperson of the Tribunal.

(4) A person

day and night. The amendment will enable **PPDT** constitute eight panels and hence facilitate the decentralisation of **PPDT** to eight regions. This will enhance access to justice at the PPDT

	shall not be qualified to be appointed as an ad hoc member of the Tribunal if that person is a public officer or holds office in a political party. (5) A person shall not qualify for appointment under this section unless the person has met the requirement of Chapter Six of the Constitution.		
New section	Section 40 of the principal Act is amended: (a) In subsection (2), by — (i) by deleting the words "unless the dispute has been heard and determined by the internal political party dispute resolution mechanisms" and substituting therefor the words "unless the dispute has been referred to the internal political party dispute resolution mechanisms"	1. The precondition in the current Act that IDRM must first be heard and determined is rarely met by political parties. Some political parties do not give determinations and simply sit on the Complaints referred to IDRM. Hence the recommended changes in wording as proposed.	The proposal is accepted.
	Delete paragraph (c) -	(i) The proposal limits PPDT jurisdiction with respect to coalition political party yet they are still political parties within the law. This beats the	The proposal is accepted.

		purpose of the establishment of the PPDT in the first instance. (ii) There is no need for a special appellate regime on coalition political parties.	
New clause	Insert a new Clause after Clause 23. (a) Amend Section 41 subsection (2) by deleting the words "and on point of law to both the Court of Appeal and the Supreme Court" and substituting therefor the words "and the decision of the High Court shall be final"	1. The appellate levels are too many. Need to bring litigation to an end so that decisions are not overtaken by event.	The proposal is accepted.
	(b) Amend Section 41 subsection (3) by adding the words "and the Tribunal shall have powers to punish for contempt of the Tribunal" immediately after the words "Magistrates Court"	2. The Tribunal's enforcement capacity needs to be strengthened to protect its probity.	

75. The National Treasury submitted as follows:

(a) Section 23 of the Political Parties Act, 2011 established the Political Parties Fund administered by the Registrar of Political Parties while section 24 (1) (a) requires that the Fund should be allocated not less than zero point three per cent (0.3%) of the revenue collected by the National Government.

- (b) We, however, note that allocation of Government revenue is guided by the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012, the Contingencies Fund and the Commission on Revenue Allocation Act.
- (c) The Constitution provided the manner and priority on which revenue collected by the National Government shall be shared between the National and County governments. Consequently, the criteria as provided in the Constitution is as follows:
- (d) Under Article 203, national interests which includes Consolidated Fund Services such as public debt, pensions and salaries for constitutional office holders;
- (e) Under Article 203, the revenue raised nationally that is to be allocated to county governments shall not be less than fifteen per cent of all revenue collected by the National Government; and
- (f) Under Article 204 of the Constitution provides that one half per cent of all revenue allocated of the revenue collected by the National Government each year calculated on the basis of the most recent audited accounts of revenue received, as approved by the National Assembly be allocated to the Equalization Fund.
- (g) In view of the foregoing, it is our considered view that the allocation of 0.3% of revenues collected to Political Parties Fund is in contravention of the Constitution as it is not one of the basis for sharing revenues as provided for in Articles 203 and 204 of the Constitution.
- (h) Further, the Constitution also provides priority expenditures which require funding during resource allocation process. These are:
- (i) Health and Education: the Bill of rights under Chapter 4 of the Constitution declares the said basic rights which require mandatory funding:
- (j) Chapter 15 of the Constitution compels the Government to fund Constitutional Commissions and Independent Offices to execute their mandate; and
- (k) Finally, Chapter 14 of the Constitution requires the Government to fund the National Security Organs.
- (l) There are also other non-discretionary expenditures which take first charge in the budget. These include pensions, allocations towards debt service, Contingency Fund, salary requirements across Government and provision to Constitutional

- Commissions and Independent Offices, including Parliament and Judiciary. Consequently, the balance of the funds left after taking into account these priorities is hardly enough to finance other programmes of Government.
- (m)In considering allocation to the Political Parties Fund, the National Treasury is guided by the sharable revenue to county governments, provision of mandatory constitutional requirements such as health services, education, provision of security, safeguarding of national interests, provision for the Equalisation Fund and the other priorities including National Government Constituency Development Fund.
- (n) In view of the foregoing, and to ensure sustainable funding of political parties, we propose that the allocation to political parties should not be based on a percentage of revenue collected as this compromises the prioritization process during resource allocation.
- (o) The National Treasury proposes that sections 23 and 24 of the Political Parties Act, 2011 be amended to provide that a framework be developed in consultation with political parties to ensure that political parties are adequately funded.
- 76. The Committee observed that the purposes of the Political Parties Fund are set out in section 26 (1) of the Act as follows:
- (1) Moneys allocated to a registered political party from the Fund shall be used for purposes compatible with democracy including—
 - (a) promoting the representation in Parliament and in the county assemblies of women, persons with disabilities, youth, ethnic and other minorities and marginalised communities;
 - (b) promoting active participation by individual citizens in political life;
 - (c) covering the election expenses of the political party and the broadcasting of the policies of the political party;
 - (d) the organisation by the political party of civic education in democracy and other electoral processes;
 - (e) bringing the political party's influence to bear on the shaping of public opinion; and

(f) administrative and staff expenses of the political party which shall not be more than thirty per cent of the moneys allocated to the political party.

Further, Article 4 (2) of the Constitution provides that the Republic of Kenya shall be a multiparty democratic State founded on the national values and principles of governance referred to in Article In order to achieve the above objects in the Act and Constitution, it is necessary to retain the provisions in the Act to promote multi-party democracy in the country.

CHAPTER FOUR

4.0 CONSIDERATION OF THE BILL BY THE COMMITTEE

237. The Committee considered the Bill clause-by-clause and submissions by stakeholders and recommends as follows:

CLAUSE 8

THAT clause 8 (b) of the Bill be amended in the proposed proviso by deleting the word "six" and substituting therefor the word "three".

To enable the coalition political party to participate in the election processes including party nominations while allowing a timeline that is not too long, for parties to negotiate with likeminded parties on forming of a coalition political party.

THAT clause 15(c) of the Bill be amended –

- (a) in the opening statement of the proposed new sub clause (2B) by deleting the phrase "(1) (a) or (b)" and substituting therefor the phrase "(1) (b)";
- (b) by deleting the proposed paragraph (c).

The 70% of the fund as proposed in the Bill has already been subjected to the conditions under the current Section 25(2) of the Act. The proposed new sub clause (2B) (c) as presently drafted defeats the purpose of promoting the representation of special interest groups.

Subjecting the 15% allocated to the Special Interest Groups to the requirement of a two-third gender compliant governing body and representation of special interest groups builds towards affirmative action and meaningful inclusion of Article 100 demographics in political parties.

CLAUSE 18

THAT clause 18 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "one hundred and twenty" and substituting therefor the word "ninety".

To align with other electoral timelines including the proposal by the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission whereby the IEBC has proposed to reduce the period of submission of party membership lists under section 28 of the Elections Act, 2011 from 120 days to 90 days. This saves parties and duty bearers from repetition of activities and processes.

CLAUSE 19

THAT clause 19 of the Bill be deleted and substituted with the following new clause:

	Amendment of section	19. Section 31 of the principal Act is amended by deleting subsection
	31 of No.	(3) and substituting therefor the following new subsections-
	11 of 2011.	(3) The accounts of every political party that is allocated funds
		from the Fund shall be audited annually by the Auditor-
L		General and shall be submitted to the Registrar and tabled in

the National Assembly.

(3A) The Registrar may establish a mechanism for an annual audit of every political party that is not allocated funds from the Fund.

Mandatory auditing of political parties that are beneficiaries of the PPF is in line with principles of public finance on accountability on use of public resources.

Auditing political parties that are beneficiaries of the Fund enable the Registrar to implement Article 91 of the Constitution and ensure that parties do not contravene section 27 of the Political Parties Act, 2011 which makes some sources of funds, that is, from a foreign government illegal.

CLAUSE 21

THAT clause 21 of the Bill be amended –

- (a) in the proposed new section 34B by-
 - (i) deleting the words "there is established" and substituting therefor the words "the Registrar shall establish" in subclause (1);
 - (ii) inserting the words "data and" immediately after the word "parties" in subclause (2);
- (b) in the proposed new section 34C by deleting the word "not" appearing immediately after the word "been" in paragraph (a).

For clarity and certainty and correction of a typographical error.

CLAUSE 22

THAT clause 22 of the Bill be amended –

- (a) in the proposed new clause 38E (2) by deleting the word "seven" and substituting therefor the word "fourteen".
- (b) in the proposed new clause 38F by inserting the words "and publish in the party's official website" immediately after the word "Registrar" in subclause (2).

This is to increase the period within which a political party and the Registrar must publish in the official website the dates and venues of the nominations. The amendments are also to provide access to information for party members.

NEW CLAUSES

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clauses immediately after clause 22 -

Amendment	22A. Section 39 of the principal Act is amended in subsection (2) by
of section 39 of No.	inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b) –
11 of 2011.	"(c) The members of the Tribunal shall elect a Vice Chairperson
	from among the members who are Advocates of the High Court of

	Kenya under pa	aragraph (b)".
Insertion of new section 39A in No.11 of 2011.	Appointment of ad hoc members of the Tribunal.	39A. (1) At least six months to the date of a general election, the Judicial Service Commission shall appoint not more than eighteen ad hoc members of the Tribunal of whom: (a) nine shall be Advocates of the High Court of Kenya of at least seven years standing; and (b) nine shall be professionals with outstanding governance, administrative, social, political, economic and other record. (2) The ad hoc members of the Tribunal shall hold office for a term not exceeding one year. (3) The ad hoc members of the Tribunal shall serve together with the members of the Tribunal and they shall be responsible to the Chairperson of the Tribunal. (4) A person shall not be qualified to be appointed as an ad hoc member of the Tribunal if that person is a public officer or holds office in a political party. (5) A person shall not qualify for appointment under this section unless the person has met the requirement of Chapter Six of the Constitution.

The position of the Vice-Chairperson is significant for purposes of deputizing the normal operations and in circumstances where the term of the Chairperson has lapsed.

Appointment of additional ad hoc members will enable the Tribunal to expeditiously determine cases before it noting the strict electoral timelines during an election period. Further, experience and lessons learnt illustrate that the mandatory 3-month timeline within which the Tribunal must determine disputes is a difficult timeline to meet.

Further, the Tribunal intends to have sittings outside Nairobi to enable access to justice. This can only be achieved through increasing the capacity of the Tribunal.

CLAUSE 23

THAT clause 23 of the Bill be amended by-

- (a) by deleting paragraph (b) and substituting therefor the following new paragraph-"(b)Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Tribunal shall not hear or determine a dispute under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e) or (fa) unless a party adduces evidence of an attempt to subject a dispute to the internal political party dispute resolution mechanisms".
- (b) deleting subclause (3);
- (c) deleting subclause (5);
- (d) deleting subclause (6);
- (e) deleting subclause (7); and
- (f) deleting subclause (8).

From experience, some parties frustrate their members by delaying resolution of disputes.

The proposal limits PPDT jurisdiction with respect to coalition political party yet they are still political parties within the law. This beats the purpose of the establishment of the PPDT in the first instance. There is no need for a special appellate regime on coalition political parties.

NEW CLAUSE

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 23-

Amendment of section	23A. Section 41 of the principal Act be amended –
41 of No.	(a) in subsection (2) by deleting the words "to both the Court of Appeal
11 of 2011.	and the Supreme Court" and substituting therefor the words "to the
	Court of Appeal".
	(b) in subsection (3) by inserting the words "and the Tribunal shall have
n	the powers of the High Court to punish for contempt of court"
1 ,	immediately after the words "Magistrates Court".

The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court is provided under Article 163 of the Constitution hence the Political Parties Act, 2011 cannot purport to amend the Constitution; the reasoning in Wilson Ong'ere Ochola v. ODM & 3 Others, CA No. 271 of 2017 stipulates that an Act of Parliament cannot change the jurisdiction of SCOK which jurisdiction is spelt out in the Constitution.

In terms of electoral timelines, the timeline within which a dispute has to be heard from a party Internal Disputes Resolution Mechanism all the way to the Court of Appeal translates to a difficulty in implementing court orders and or delaying electoral activities. Committee to decide on the proposal. The Tribunal's enforcement capacity needs to be strengthened to protect its probity.

CLAUSE 25

THAT clause 25 of the Bill be amended by deleting the proposed paragraph "(ca)" and substituting therefor the following new paragraph-

"(ca) prescribing the manner of regulating political party nominations".

To operationalize the proposed amendments to section 34 of the PPA that stipulates that the Registrar has the mandate to regulate and monitor party nominations.

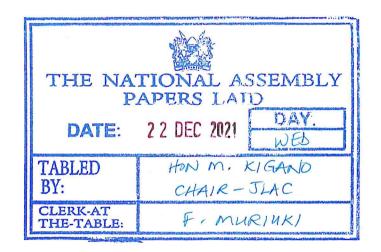
CHAPTER FIVE

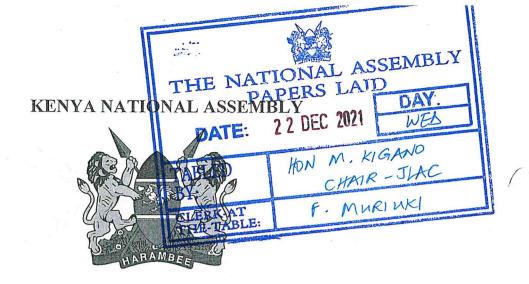
5.0 COMMITTEE REOMMENDATION

The Committee having facilitated public participation and considered the Political Parties (Amendment) (National Assembly Bill No.56), 2021 recommends to the House that the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021 should be proceeded with:

Hon. Muturi Kigano, M.P.

Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Justice and Legal Affairs





DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND LEGAL AFFAIRS

ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR MEMBERS

DATE 21 12/21	
VENUE ROOM 9, MAYN BUILDING	

AGENDA

ADOPTIN OF REPORT ON POLITICAL PARTIES CAMEMOMENT J BILL, 2021

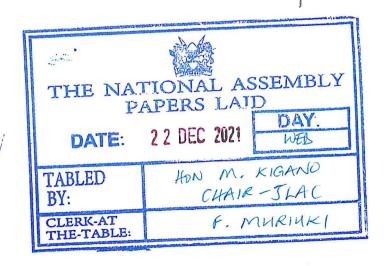
NO.	NAME	SIGNATURE
1.	Hon. Clement Muturi Kigano, M.P	
	Chairperson	A NVV
2.	Hon.T.J Kajwang, MP -Vice Chairperson	
3.	Hon.Emmanuel Wangwe	HA Tarsis 12
4.	Hon. Junet Sheikh Nuh Mohamed, M.P	777
5.	Hon. John Olago Aluoch, MP.	N
6.	Hon. Roselinda Soipan Tuya, MP.	All
7.	Hon. Peter Opondo Kaluma, MP.	THE
8.	Hon. Mwamkale Kamoti, MP.	Ham ?
9.	Hon. Zuleikha Hassan, MP.	6

10.	Hon. Josephine Naisula Lesuuda, M.P.	
11.	Hon. George Gitonga Murugara, MP.	Cancelle Cancelle
12.	Hon. Adan Haji Yussuf, MP.	
13.	Hon. Japheth Kiplangat Mutai, MP.	
14.	Hon. Anthony Githiaka Kiai, MP.	C V M
15.	Hon. Jennifer Shamalla, MP.	MACHOEDS
16.	Hon. John Kiarie Waweru, MP.	Mamerilien
17.	Hon.Dan Kipkogei Rono, MP.	
18.	Hon. Anthony Oluoch, M.P.	Lamus Janus
19.	Hon. Robert Gichimu Githinji, M.P	

COMMITTEE CLERK

DIRECTOR DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEES

Darutuge



ANNEXURE



21/12/21

MINUTES OF THE SITTING OF THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND LEGAL AFFAIRS HELD ON TUESDAY 21ST DECEMBER, 2021 AT 5:00 PM IN COMMITTEE ROOM 9, PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS

Chairperson

PRESENT

- 1. Hon. Clement Muturi Kigano, M.P.
- 2. Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, M.P.
- 3. Hon. John Olago Aluoch, M.P.
- 4. Hon. Peter Opondo Kaluma, M.P.
- 5. .Hon. William K. Mwamkale, M.P
- 6. Hon. Jennifer Shamalla, M.P.
- 7. Hon. George G. Murugara, M.P.
- 8. Hon. Anthony G. Kiai, M.P.
- 9. Hon. John Kiarie Waweru, M.P.
- 10. Hon. Zuleikha Hassan, M.P.
- 11. Hon. Adan Haji Yussuf, M.P
- 12. Hon. Anthony Oluoch, M.P.

ABSENT WITH APOLOGIES

- 1. Hon.T.J Kajwang
- 2. Hon. Junet Sheikh Nuh Mohamed, M.P.
- 3. Hon. Roselinda Soipan Tuya, M.P.
- 4. Hon. Japheth Mutai, M.P.
- 5. Hon.Dan Rono Kipkogei, M.P.
- 6. Hon. Josephine Naisula Lesuuda, M.P.
- 7. Hon.Robert Gichimu Githinji, M.P.

IN ATTENDANCE

- 1. Mr. Abenayo Wasike
- 2. Ms.Emma Essendi
- 5. Mr.Richard Sang
- 6. Mr. Job Owaga
- 6. Mr.Boniface Matano Kataa
- Principal Clerk Assistant

Vice- Chairperson

- Legal Counsel
- Sergeant at Arm
- Audio Officer
- Intern

Min No. Jlac/01/2021:

Preliminaries

The meeting was called to order at 5:10 p.m with a word of prayer by the Chairperson. The Chairperson briefed members on the position taking by members in Mombasa regarding consideration of the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021.He informed members that the agenda adoption of the committee report on the Bill.

Min No. Jlac/02/2021:

Confirmation of Minutes

Minutes of the meeting held on Friday 17th December, 2021 were proposed for confirmation by Hon.Kamoti Mwamkale, M.P and seconded by Hon.Adan Haji Yussuf, M.P.

Minutes of the meeting held on Sunday 19th December, 2021 were proposed for confirmation by Hon.Kamoti Mwamkale, M.P and seconded by Hon.Zuleikha Hassan, M.P

Min No. Jlac/03/2021: Adoption of Report on the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021

The report was adopted after a proposal by Hon. Adan Haji Yussuf and Seconded by Hon. Olago Aluoch.

The Committee recommended that the house should proceed with the bill with amendments as follows;

CLAUSE 8

THAT clause 8 (b) of the Bill be amended in the proposed proviso by deleting the word "six" and substituting therefor the word "three".

To enable the coalition political party to participate in the election processes including party nominations while allowing a timeline that is not too long, for parties to negotiate with like-minded parties on forming of a coalition political party.

THAT clause 15(c) of the Bill be amended -

- (a) in the opening statement of the proposed new sub clause (2B) by deleting the phrase "(1) (a) or (b)" and substituting therefor the phrase "(1) (b)";
- (b) by deleting the proposed paragraph (c).

The 70% of the fund as proposed in the Bill has already been subjected to the conditions under the current Section 25(2) of the Act. The proposed new sub clause (2B) (c) as presently drafted defeats the purpose of promoting the representation of special interest groups.

Subjecting the 15% allocated to the Special Interest Groups to the requirement of a two-third gender compliant governing body and representation of special interest groups builds towards affirmative action and meaningful inclusion of Article 100 demographics in political parties.

CLAUSE 18

THAT clause 18 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "one hundred and twenty" and substituting therefor the word "ninety".

To align with other electoral timelines including the proposal by the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission whereby the IEBC has proposed to reduce the period of submission of party membership lists under section 28 of the Elections Act, 2011 from 120 days to 90 days. This saves parties and duty bearers from repetition of activities and processes.

CLAUSE 19

THAT clause 19 of the Bill be deleted and substituted with the following new clause:

Amendment	19. Section 31 of the principal Act is amended by deleting subsection (3)
of section	and substituting therefor the following new subsections-
31 of No. 11	(3) The accounts of every political party that is allocated funds
of 2011.	from the Fund shall be audited annually by the Auditor-General
	and shall be submitted to the Registrar and tabled in the National
	Assembly.
	(3A) The Registrar may establish a mechanism for an annual
	audit of every political party that is not allocated funds from the
	Fund.

Mandatory auditing of political parties that are beneficiaries of the PPF is in line with principles of public finance on accountability on use of public resources.

Auditing political parties that are beneficiaries of the Fund enable the Registrar to implement Article 91 of the Constitution and ensure that parties do not contravene section 27 of the Political Parties Act, 2011 which makes some sources of funds, that is, from a foreign government illegal.

CLAUSE 21

THAT clause 21 of the Bill be amended -

- (a) in the proposed new section 34B by-
 - (i) deleting the words "there is established" and substituting therefor the words "the Registrar shall establish" in subclause (1);
 - (ii) inserting the words "data and" immediately after the word "parties" in subclause (2);
- (b) in the proposed new section 34C by deleting the word "not" appearing immediately after the word "been" in paragraph (a).

For clarity and certainty and correction of a typographical error.

CLAUSE 22

THAT clause 22 of the Bill be amended –

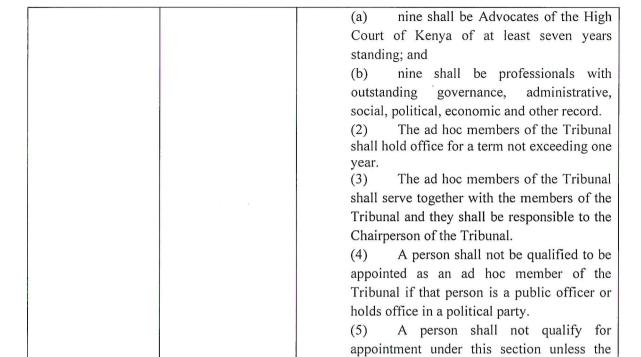
- (a) in the proposed new clause 38E (2) by deleting the word "seven" and substituting therefor the word "fourteen".
- (b) in the proposed new clause 38F by inserting the words "and publish in the party's official website" immediately after the word "Registrar" in subclause (2).

This is to increase the period within which a political party and the Registrar must publish in the official website the dates and venues of the nominations. The amendments are also to provide access to information for party members.

NEW CLAUSES

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clauses immediately after clause 22 –

1	Amendm	ent	22A. Section 39 of the principal Act is amended in subsection (2) by inserting			
	of sect	ion	the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b) –			
3	39 of No.	11	"(c) The members of the Tribunal shall elect a Vice Chairperson from			
	of 2011.		among the members who are Advocates of the High Court of Kenya			
_			under paragrap	oh (b)".		
. 1	Insertion	of	Appointment	39A. (1) At least six months to the date of a		
in the second se	new sect	ion	of ad hoc	general election, the Judicial Service		
3	39A	in	members of	Commission shall appoint not more than		
1	No.11	of	the Tribunal.	eighteen ad hoc members of the Tribunal of		
2	2011.			whom:		



The position of the Vice-Chairperson is significant for purposes of deputizing the normal operations and in circumstances where the term of the Chairperson has lapsed.

person has met the requirement of Chapter Six

of the Constitution.

Appointment of additional ad hoc members will enable the Tribunal to expeditiously determine cases before it noting the strict electoral timelines during an election period. Further, experience and lessons learnt illustrate that the mandatory 3-month timeline within which the Tribunal must determine disputes is a difficult timeline to meet.

Further, the Tribunal intends to have sittings outside Nairobi to enable access to justice. This can only be achieved through increasing the capacity of the Tribunal.

CLAUSE 23

THAT clause 23 of the Bill be amended by-

- (a) by deleting paragraph (b) and substituting therefor the following new paragraph"(b)Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Tribunal shall not hear or determine a dispute under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e) or (fa) unless a party adduces evidence of an attempt to subject a dispute to the internal political party dispute resolution mechanisms".
- (b) deleting subclause (3);
- (c) deleting subclause (5);
- (d) deleting subclause (6);
- (e) deleting subclause (7); and
- (f) deleting subclause (8).

From experience, some parties frustrate their members by delaying resolution of disputes.

NEW CLAUSE

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 23-

Amendme	nt
of section	on
41 of No.	11
of 2011.	

23A. Section 41 of the principal Act be amended –

- (a) in subsection (2) by deleting the words "to both the Court of Appeal and the Supreme Court" and substituting therefor the words "to the Court of Appeal".
- (b) in subsection (3) by inserting the words "and the Tribunal shall have the powers of the High Court to punish for contempt of court" immediately after the words "Magistrates Court".

The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court is provided under Article 163 of the Constitution hence the Political Parties Act, 2011 cannot purport to amend the Constitution; the reasoning in Wilson Ong'ere Ochola v. ODM & 3 Others, CA No. 271 of 2017 stipulates that an Act of Parliament cannot change the jurisdiction of SCOK which jurisdiction is spelt out in the Constitution.

In terms of electoral timelines, the timeline within which a dispute has to be heard from a party Internal Disputes Resolution Mechanism all the way to the Court of Appeal translates to a difficulty in implementing court orders and or delaying electoral activities. Committee to decide on the proposal. The Tribunal's enforcement capacity needs to be strengthened to protect its probity.

CLAUSE 25

THAT clause 25 of the Bill be amended by deleting the proposed paragraph "(ca)" and substituting therefor the following new paragraph-

"(ca) prescribing the manner of regulating political party nominations".

To operationalize the proposed amendments to section 34 of the PPA that stipulates that the Registrar has the mandate to regulate and monitor party nominations.

Min No. Jlac/04/2021:

Adjournment

There being no other/business to transact, the meeting was adjourned at 5:40 pm.

igned.....

Date. Date.

19/12/21

MINUTES OF THE SITTING OF THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND LEGAL AFFAIRS HELD ON SUNDAY 19TH DECEMBER, 2021 AT 10:00 AM IN MASHUWA HALL, SERENA HOTEL, MOMBASA COUNTY

PRESENT

1. Hon. Clement Muturi Kigano, M.P.

. .Hon. William K. Mwamkale, M.P

3. Hon. Peter Opondo Kaluma, M.P.

4. Hon. Zuleikha Hassan, M.P.

5. Hon. Adan Haji Yussuf, M.P.

ABSENT WITH APOLOGIES

1. Hon.T.J Kajwang

2. Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, M.P.

3. Hon. Junet Sheikh Nuh Mohamed, M.P.

4. Hon. John Olago Aluoch, M.P.

5. Hon. Roselinda Soipan Tuya, M.P.

6. Hon. Jennifer Shamalla, M.P.

7. Hon. George G. Murugara, M.P.

8. Hon. Anthony G. Kiai, M.P.

9. Hon. Japheth Mutai, M.P.

10. Hon. Anthony Oluoch, M.P.

11. Hon.Dan Rono Kipkogei, M.P.

12. Hon. Josephine Naisula Lesuuda, M.P.

13. Hon. John Kiarie Waweru, M.P.

14. Hon.Robert Gichimu Githinji, M.P.

IN ATTENDANCE

1. Mr. Abenayo Wasike

Principal Clerk Assistant

Chairperson

Vice- Chairperson

2. Mr. Denis Abisai

Deputy Director- DLS

3. Ms.Emma Essendi

Legal Counsel

5. Mr.Richard Sang

Sergeant at Arms

MIN No. JLAC/01/2021:

PRELIMINARIES

The meeting was called to order at 10:20 a.m with a word of prayer by the Chairperson. The Chairperson asked the secretariat to brief members on the draft amendments submitted by the Registrar of Political Parties and the Secretary of the Political Parties Disputes Tribunal as resolved in the previous meeting.

MIN No. JLAC/02/2021: CONSIDERATION THE POLITICAL PARTIES

(AMENDMENT) BILL, 2021

The secretariat briefed members on the attached amendments proposed by the Registrar of Political Parties, CEO/Secretary of the Political Parties Disputes Tribunal and the Office of the Attorney General and Department of Justice.

Members observed that the amendments by the three institutions had been agreed upon in the previous meeting and recommend to be included in the report for adoption by the committee.

MIN No. JLAC /JLAC/04/2021:

ADJOURNMENT

There being no other business to transact, the meeting was adjourned at 12:30 pm.

Signed.

Chairperson

17/1421

MINUTES OF THE SITTING OF THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND LEGAL AFFAIRS HELD ON FRIDAY, 17TH DECEMBER, 2021 AT 12:00 PM IN BAHARI ROOMV AT SAN AND SAND HOTEL, KILIFI COUNTY

PRESENT

1. Hon. Clement Muturi Kigano, M.P.

Chairperson

- 2. Hon. John Olago Aluoch, M.P.
- 3. .Hon. William K. Mwamkale, M.P.
- 4. Hon. Zuleikha Hassan, M.P.
- 5. Hon. Adan Haji Yussuf, M.P.
- 6. Hon. Anthony Oluoch, M.P.
- 7. Hon.Dan Rono Kipkogei, M.P.

ABSENT WITH APOLOGIES

1. Hon.T.J Kajwang

Vice- Chairperson

- 2. Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, M.P.
- 3. Hon. Junet Sheikh Nuh Mohamed, M.P.
- 4. Hon. Peter Opondo Kaluma, M.P.
- 5. Hon. Roselinda Soipan Tuya, M.P.
- 6. Hon. Jennifer Shamalla, M.P.
- 7. Hon. George G. Murugara, M.P.
- 8. Hon. Anthony G. Kiai, M.P.
- 9. Hon. Japheth Mutai, M.P.
- 10. Hon. Josephine Naisula Lesuuda, M.P.
- 11. Hon. John Kiarie Waweru, M.P.
- 12. Hon.Robert Gichimu Githinji, M.P.

IN ATTENDANCE

1. Mr. Abenayo Wasike

Principal Clerk Assistant

2. Mr. Denis Abisai

Deputy Director- DLS

3. Ms.Emma Essendi

Legal Counsel

4. Ms.Halima Hussein

Clerk Assistant

5. Mr.Richard Sang

Sergeant at Arms

STAKEHOLDERS

- 1. Ms. Ann Nderitu Registrar of Political Parties
- 2. Ms.Florance Birya Assistant Registrar of Political Parties
- 3. Hon.Rosslayn Aganyo CEO/Secretary, Political Parties Disputes Tribunal
- 4. Mr. Joshua Wabwire Office of the Attorney General & Department of Justice

MIN No. JLAC/01/2021:

PRELIMINARIES

The meeting was called to order at 12:00 P.m with a word of prayer by the Chairperson. The Chairperson briefed members on the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021. He also addressed members on the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021 and noted it is among the Bills listed for consideration during the special sitting on 21st and 22nd December, 2021. He appreciated the role played by the ORPP, OAG and the PPDT and thanked them for accepting the committee's invitation to present their views on the bill under consideration.

MIN No. JLAC/02/2021: CONSIDERATION THE POLITICAL PARTIES (AMENDMENT) BILL, 2021

The Registrar of Political Parties, CEO/Secretary of the Political Parties Disputes Tribunal and the Office of the Attorney General and Department of Justice follows;

- 1. The Registrar of Political Parties stated that in proposing amendments to the Act, the ORPP was informed by the need for reforms:to address the overlapping mandate between IEBC and ORPP;to enhance effective management of parties and define the role of ORPP regarding independent candidates;to implement the Constitution including Articles 82, 90, 91, 92, 93, 103, and 194;to address the gaps identified in execution of the Office's mandate, lessons learnt, and experiences;to address needs of Kenyans as drawn from stakeholder engagements; and to address domestic and international jurisprudence including the Katiba Institute case.
- 2. The ORPP organized stakeholders engagement as follows:
- a) Technical Caucus Consultative Meeting on the Review of the Political Parties Act, 2011 held at Sarova Woodlands Nakuru on 10th February 2020;
- b) Political Parties Consultative Meeting held from 1st to 3rd March, 2020 at Sarova Woodlands Nakuru;
- c) State actors and Civil Society Organizations workshop held from 5th to 9th October, 2020;
- d) State actors in electoral processes workshop held from 13th to 16th June, 2021 at Great Rift Valley Lodge in Nakuru;
- e) Drafters Retreat comprised of State actors in electoral processes held from 4th to 7th July 2021 in Naivasha;
- f) Political Parties' Secretaries-General Meeting Held from 27th to 30th July 2021 at Sarova Woodlands, Nakuru County on Draft Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021; and
- g) Political Parties Liaison Committee Meeting held on 3rd August 2021 at Tamarind Tree Hotel in Nairobi on the Draft Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021.
- a) They presented an overview of the Bill and stated that the on the definition of a political party to include a coalition political party; definition of party nominations to differentiate the same from registration of candidates for elections; roles of Political Parties as required under Article 92(d) of the Constitution; registration of coalitions and submission of pre-election coalition agreements at least 6 months before election. That a party can only be in one coalition. Timeline for reservation of name/symbol/colour and lifespan of provisional registration among other issues as highlighted in the written submissions.

Members resolved that the Registrar of Political Parties and the Secretary Political Parties Disputes Tribunal should submit their proposed amendments with justifications for consideration by the committee in its next sitting.

MIN No. JLAC /03/2021:

ADJOURNMENT

There being no other business to transact, the meeting was adjourned at 3:45pm.

Signed (1) (2) (2)

Chairperson

ANNEXURE





ons by the Nation

la begging racket in

A beggar outside the Holy Ghost Cathedral in Mombasa on December 5. Mombasa County Inspectorate has launched investigations into a fake beggars racket in the city involving children and Tanzanians. KEVIN ODIT I NATION

Mombasa and Nairobi are at the centre of the criminal network, e girl was arrested which uses children and disabled sa County Inspecforeigners as beggars, with promaring a mop up of ises of their families being taken in the city. s who were faking care of, or funding for their education. The racket rakes in mille being pushed on an when they saw lions of shillings every year. gars being arrested.

The handlers force the children and those with disabilities to stand or sit at strategic areas with

high human traine to accuse attention of passers-by. They then pocket most of the proceeds.

"The individuals get around Sh6,000 a day. We have been receiving complaints from the public about the fake beggars and guardians abusing minors," said Mr Ibrahim Basafar, the deputy director in charge of operations at the county inspectorate.

"They 'rent' children and have to return the minor with Sh1,000 daily. This is a coordinated business between guardians and un-scr<mark>up</mark>ulous indivi<mark>duals. We have</mark> -year-old who was pretendhis leg was amputated, but ring arrest, he walked, "said Mr ar.

The county inspectorate team said some of the beggars display fake injuries and impairments to elicit sympathy, and money from the public. Some wear dirty socks and use tomato sauce to stain them to show they are either bleeding or hurting.

A majority of the beggars are not Kenyans, but Tanzanians who have visitor's visas and are mostly housed in Nyali and Kongowea, said Mr Basafar.

"It's a big business. They are housed, ferried to the city centre

Amount of money some beggars in Mombasa collect per day. On bad days, they take home about Sh2,000

and have a boss who collects the day's 'earnings'. I am urging the police and Immigration to cooperate with us to deal with thi sue. Kenyans are being fleeced by pretenders," he added.

He said the begging had be ome a "profession" for many.

"We have one beggar who has a flat in Changamwe. The children are coached so they do not reveal the truth when arrested," he said. Mr Basafar said they will continue with the round-up wite. are rid of the beggars.

The trend of racketeers using foreign beggars has been around for a while, with the Coast, Nairobi, Mt Kenya, Central Rift and Western counties the most affect-

*Notherrealname Additional reporting Brian Wachira

Cisa



Rebeca Grynspa Secretary-Gener United Nations Confere Trade and Develope



Dr. Joy Katege Strategic Adviser to th Administrator and Regional Nations Development Prog



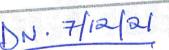
Silvester Kasuku MBS Executive Director/ Centre for Transport, Inf Regional Integration



Dr. John Mark Director of O Rocket Heal

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REPUBLIC OF KENYA THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TWELFTH PARLIAMENT - FIFTH SESSION

In the Matter of Article 118 (1)(b) of the Constitution

In the Matter of Consideration by the National Assembly of the Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021 (National Assembly Bill No. 56 of 2021)

ITATION FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION (SUBMISSION OF MEMORANDA)

Article 118(1) (b) of the Constitution provides that "Parliament shall facilitate public participation and involvement in the legislative Article 118(1) (b) of the Constitution provides that "Parliament shall facilitate public participation and involvement in the legislative and other businesses of Parliament and its Committees". The National Assembly's Standing Order 127(3) further provides that "the Departmental Committee to which a Bill has been committed shall facilitate public participation and take into account the views and recommendations of the public when the Committee makes its report to the House".

The Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021 (National Assembly Bill No. 56 of 2021) seeks to amend the Political Parties The Political Parties (Amendment) Bill, 2021 (National Assembly Bill No. 56 of 2021) seeks to amend the Political Parties Act, 2011. The Bill has a total of twenty seven clauses dealing with the definition of a political party'; new sections on the roles and functions of a political party including recruitment and enlisting of members and nomination of candidates for elections, promotion of representation in Parliament and County Assemblies; provisional registration of a political party and grounds coalition political party and submission of a coalition agreement to the Registrar; resignation from a political party and deposition of a member; suspension and deregistration of a political party and the applicable process; disbursements for the expulsion of a member; suspension and deregistration for additional functions of the office of Registrar; methods of and publication of a political party's sources of funds; provision for additional functions of the office of Registrar; methods or and publication of a political party nominations; provision on Political Parties Disputes Tribunal to hear and determine disputes relating conducting political party nominations provision for the Registrar to make regulations for the conduct of political party nominations.

The Bill was read a First Time on Thursday 2nd December 2021 and committed to Departmental Committee on Justice and Legal Affairs for consideration and thereafter reporting to the House.

Now therefore, in compliance with Article 118 (1) (b) of the Constitution and National Assembly Standing Order 127(3), the Clerk of the National Assembly hereby invites the general public and stakeholders to submit memoranda on the Bill.

Copies of the Bill are available at the National Assembly Table Office, or on www.parliament.go.ke/the-national-assembly/house-

The memoranda may be forwarded to the Clerk of the National Assembly, P.O. Box 41842-00100, Nairobi; hand-delivered to the Office of the Clerk, Main Parliament Buildings, Nairobi; or emailed to clerk@parliament.go.ke, to be received on or before Tuesday 21st December, 2021 at 5,00 pm Tuesday 21st December, 2021 at 5.00 pm.

MICHAEL R. SIALAI, CBS CLERK OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY 7th December, 2021



ssories



Deputy President William Ruto addresses residents of Kiawara in Nyeri County during the third day of his tour of the region

yesterday. [Mose Sammy, Standard]

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Diocese

e he adovers at Mweiga, Endarasha, Charity, Kiawara and Nairutia markets.

At the cathedral, Ruto who was hosted by outgoing Bishop Joseph Kagunda, presided over a funds drive for the construction of a retirement home for the cleric, donating Sh3 million - Sh500,000 in cash and a pledge of Sh2.5 million.

Nyeri Governor Mutahi Kahiga, MPs Rigathi Gachagua, Kimani Ichungwa, Ndindi Nyoro, Rahab Mukami and Nyeri Speaker David Kaguchia gave Sh100,000 each. Rìgathi Iso gave an additional pledge of Sh1 million.

We give our donations here not because we are UDA or I am the Deputy President, but because we are Christians," Ruto told the congrega-

The DP said UDA had support of more than 160 legislators who have resisted attempts to join tribal and regional parties

"We cannot as a nation afford to

beat back to the path of tribal entity and that is why I urge all my supporters to join the UDA," he stated.

Ruto maintained that fixing the economy was more important than amending the Constitution through BBI to create positions for leaders.

He promised to boost Agriculture which employs majority of Kenyans through provision of subsidised inputs such as fertiliser at Sh1500 per 50 kilo bag.

sgichure@standardmedia.co.ke

to Kisii

nba Migosi will be hosting the i vied on ODM ticket and came

mpower our people and camttom-up economic model," he

. Ruto had held roadside rallies outh Mugirango and Bonchari g UDA aspirants and grassroots

ıto did not show up in Nyamira Mugirango Constituency where ed to attend a funds drive in aid

een banking on at least five MPs ; Osoro, Alfa Miruka (Bomachoge ack Mose (Kitutu Masaba), Joash th Mugirango) and West Mugint Kemosi for his Gusii region oilisation.

Governor Joash Maangi and forgirango MP Omingo Magara have e team.

s, the deputy president has been ng political opposition from ODM region, with Governor Ongwae, eri and Okong'o Omogeni (Nyamiepresentatives Ongera (Kisii) and anyi (Nyamira) leading anti-Ruto the region.

ys their focus is to ensure Raila ower because "we have no better remains our best bet for 2022".

ila receiving massive support from mmunity, leaders from the area led along political affiliations assoresident Uhuru Kenyatta, Raila and Abuga]



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TWELFTH PARLIAMENT – FIFTH SESSION

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MICHAEL R. SIALAI, CBS CLERK OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

7th December, 2021

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