



Enhancing Accountability

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	TABLED BY:	L.O.M
	CLERK-AT THE-TABLE:	Mainah Wanjiku

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2020

- MOMBASA Beach Hotel
- NGULIA Safari Lodge
- VOI Safari Lodge





ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)





# Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

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# 1. KEY ENTITY INFORMATION

# a) Background information

Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotels Ltd ("KSLH", "The Company") was incorporated under the Kenya Companies Act (Cap 486) in 1966. The shareholders of KSLH are Tourism Finance Corporation (TFC,) Mountain Lodges Ltd and Kenya Wildlife Services (KWS). Tourism Finance Corporation is the majority shareholder in KSLH with a direct controlling stake of 82.45% shares. From a management control perspective, KSLH is classified as a State Corporation by virtue of being a subsidiary of TFC. The company operates three units namely; Mombasa Beach hotels, Ngulia Safari Lodge and Voi Safari Lodge.

# b) Principal Activities

The Principal activity of the Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels is ownership and operation of hotel and lodge facilities in Kenya. KSLH vision is to provide premiere hospitality experiences in Kenya; the mission is to enhance customer value by offering premiere Hospitality experiences with an African heritage and core values are Integrity Service excellence Discipline Team work Innovation Social responsibility Dedication and commitment

## c) Directors

The Directors who served the entity during the year/period were as follows:

NAME OF DIRECTOR	POSITION	DATE OF APPOINTMENT	ALTERNATE DIRECTOR	DATE OF APPOINTMENT
Franklin Ndii	Chairman	14 <sup>th</sup> June 2019	<u>-</u>	
Orumoi T. Jonah	Managing Director TFC/ Director	1st February 2016	Ms. Nora Ratemo	18 <sup>th</sup> Sept 2017
Fridah Njeru	Director	14 <sup>th</sup> June 2019	-	
Michael Matu	Director	11 <sup>th</sup> Dec 2009 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> March 2020	-	
Kabuga Kariithi	Director	23 <sup>rd</sup> June 2020	-	
Brigadier (Retired) John Waweru	Director General- KWS/Director	13th March 2009	Edwin Wanyonyi	9th October 2015
Joe Okudo	PS, State Department for Tourism/ Director	1 <sup>st</sup> January 2016	Jonam Kinama David Jakaiti, EBS	24 <sup>th</sup> January 2019



# **KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### d) Corporate Secretary

John Saitoti Karia Corporation Secretary Tourism Finance Corporation P.O. Box 42013-00100 Nairobi.

# e) General Manager of the Company- KSLH Registered Office

Mombasa Beach Hotel Mt. Kenya Road, Nyali P.O. Box 90414, 80100 Mombasa.

### f) Corporate Headquarters

P.O. Box 90414, 80100 Mombasa Beach Hotel Mt. Kenya Road, Nyali Mombasa.

# g) Corporate Contacts

Tel: 041-471861-5/ +254 722 203143/4

Email: <u>info@kenya-safari.co.ke</u> Website: <u>www.safari-kenya.com</u>

#### h) Corporate Bankers

Kenya Commercial Bank Treasury Square P.O. Box 90254-80100 Mombasa.

Barclays Bank Nkrumah Road, Mombasa P.O. Box 90182 – 80100 Mombasa.

# i) Independent Auditors

Auditor General Office of the Auditor General Anniversary Towers, University Way P.O. Box 30084-00100 Nairobi.

### j) Principal Legal Advisers

The Attorney General
State Law Office, Harambee Avenue
P.O. Box 40112- 00200
Nairobi.



Miller & Company Advocates P.O Box 90088-80100, GPO, Mombasa.

Kishore Nanji Advocates P.O Box 86878 – 80100, Mombasa.

M. F. Khatib Advocates P.O Box 83566 - 80100 GPO, Mombasa.



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# 2.THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name of Director	Director's Photo	Key Professional/Academic Qualifications & Work
		Experience
1.Mr. Franklin Mbuba Ndii		DoB: 25 May 1952  Mr. Franklin Mbuba Ndii holds a Master of Business from the University of Free State, is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA-K) and a member of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK).  Mr. Ndii is a career accountant having worked in various organizations; the most recent being Kenya Utalii College (KUC) where he was the Financial Controller from 1984 to 2004. He is currently the Managing Director of African Dew Tours and Travel Ltd.  He brings a wealth of experience in Financial Management gained from the Public Sector where he has over 41 years'
2.Mr Michael	. (VIII Ann	experience in Financial Management & Administration.  Mr. Ndii was re-appointed to the Board of Directors of Tourism Finance Corporation on 3 <sup>rd</sup> May 2019.  DoB: 13 <sup>th</sup> Septemebr 1968
Matu Michael		Mr. Michael Matu the Chairman of the Audit Committee holds an Masters in Business Administration (United States International University). a BA (University of Guelph, Canada) and a Graduate Diploma (McGill University, Canada). He serves as the Executive Director, Heri Group and Deputy Chairman & Chief Executive Officer, Olympia Capital Holdings Limited
3. Mr. Orumoi T. Jonah		DoB: 20 <sup>th</sup> October 1978  Mr. Orumoi the Chairman of the Finance, HR and Administration Committee. He holds a Master of Science Degree in Finance and Investment (Merit) from Queen Mary University of London, UK and is FACCA qualified. He graduated with a BA (Hons.) in Accounting & Finance from the University of East London, UK. Currently he is the Managing Director of Tourism Finance Corporation, and has served as Head of Finance & ICT at the Kenya Tourism Board. He has previously worked as Finance & Leasing Contracts Manager/ Acting Head of Procurement at G4S and as a Senior Principal Finance Officer, Thurrock Council,UK.



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Name of	Director's Photo	Key Professional/Academic Qualifications & Work
Director	18 19	Experience
4. Mr. Edwin Wanyonyi		DoB: 26 <sup>th</sup> June 1975  Mr. Edwin a member of Board of Directors holds an MBA(UON), Bachelor of Business Administration, Dip in Resource Mobilization, Cert in Strategic Leadership from Kenya Institute of Administration and a post graduate Diploma in Resource Mobilization from Kenya Institute of Management and certificate in Project Management. Member of KIM, Kenya Fundraising Professionals and National Steering Committee Member of UNDP Small Grants. A Taskforce Member of the Tourism Recovery Taskforce in Kenya. Currently he is the deputy directors, strategy and changes at KWS Over 12 years experience in strategic management both in the public and private
5. Ms. Fridah Njeru		DoB: 26 <sup>th</sup> January 1977  Ms. Njeru is a Entrepreneur & Hospitality Professional with over ten (10) years experience in the Hospitality industry during which period she was in charge of executing sales and marketing strategies to maximize the profitability of the hotels she worked for. Ms. Njeru has a track record of building and supporting key client relationships and driving sales revenue of some of the biggest city hotels, park lodges and beach properties in the country.  She is currently the Managing Director of Kilimani Bakeries Ltd; one of the top bakeries in Nairobi, where she oversee the daily operations, distribution, delivery and the business development of the bakery.  Ms. Njeru is dedicated to professionalism and customer service and takes pride in providing a culture of collaboration that is based on mutual respect and building long-term, trusting relationships. She believes



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Name of	Name of Director	Key Professional/Academic Qualifications & Work
Director		Experience
6. Mr John Karia		DoB: 25 <sup>th</sup> May, 1984
Company Secretary		Mr. John Saitoti Karia is an Advocate of the High Court of Kenya and a Certified Public Secretary. He is an active Member of the Law Society of Kenya, the Institute of Certified Public Secretaries of Kenya and the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (Kenya Branch). He holds a Master's degree in Law (LLM) from the University of Exeter (UK), a Postgraduate Diploma in Law from the Kenya School of Law and a Bachelor of Laws degree (LLB) from University of Nairobi.
	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	ICPSK – Member No. CPSB/2714
7. Mr. Victor Mwambui		DoB:28 <sup>th</sup> April 1962  Mr. Mwambui, the Administration Manager, is a graduate of Kenya Utalii College, Nairobi (Diploma in Hotel Management). He has a vast experience in hotel operations, administration and human resources management. He has over 28 years working experience and served in various roles in hotels and lodges managed by the former African Tours & Hotels Ltd (1990 –June 1998) and presently at Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotels Ltd (July 1998 to date). From August 2018 to date he's been serving as the Acting General Manager.
		He is an Associate Member of the Association of Business Executives (UK) and holds an Advanced Diploma in Human Resource Management (ABE level 6) from the same institution. Locally, he is a member of the Tourism Professionals Association.



# **KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# 2. MANAGEMENT TEAM

Name	Photo	Key Professional/Academic Qualifications & Work Experience
1. Mr John Karia Company Secretary		DoB: 25 <sup>th</sup> May, 1984  Mr. John Saitoti Karia is an Advocate of the High Court of Kenya and a Certified Public Secretary. He is an active Member of the Law Society of Kenya, the Institute of Certified Public Secretaries of Kenya and the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (Kenya Branch). He holds a Master's degree in Law (LLM) from the University of Exeter (UK), a Postgraduate Diploma in Law from the Kenya School of Law and a Bachelor of Laws degree (LLB) from University of Nairobi. ICPSK – Member No. CPSB/2714
2. Mr. Victor Mwambui		DoB:28 <sup>th</sup> April 1962  Mr. Mwambui, the Administration Manager, is a graduate of Kenya Utalii College, Nairobi (Diploma in Hotel Management). He has a vast experience in hotel operations, administration and human resources management. He has over 28 years working experience and served in various roles in hotels and lodges managed by the former African Tours & Hotels Ltd (1990 –June 1998) and presently at Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotels Ltd (July 1998 to date). From August 2018 to date he's been serving as the Acting General Manager.
		He is an Associate Member of the Association of Business Executives (UK) and holds an Advanced Diploma in Human Resource Management (ABE level 6) from the same institution. Locally, he is a member of the Tourism Professionals Association.



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

AND THE SECOND CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE SEC		Key Professional/Academic Qualifications & Work
Name	Photo	Experience
3. Mr.Benard Chepkwony		DoB: 14 <sup>th</sup> November 1978 Mr. Chepkwony Finance Manager (KSLH) holds Master's degree in Business Administration from Nairobi university Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from Kenyatta university and his professional qualifications include CPA(K), CPS(K)
		Work Experience: August 2005-December 2007: Accountant (NSL and VSL) November 2010-October 2011: Accountant Sunset November 2011-January 2013: Finance Manager (KSLH February 2013-September 2017: Group Credit Controller October 2017 – January 2020: Finance Manager (KSLH)
4. Lillian Obura		DoB:29 <sup>th</sup> December 1977 Ms. Obura the Internal Auditor holds Bachelor of Commerce degree (Accounting Option) from Africa Nazarene University and Diploma in Banking. Ongoing student of Masters in Business Administration. Member of Institute of Internal Auditors & ISACA.  Work Experience:
		2007- 2008- Accountant, Tamarind Mombasa 2008-2013: Asst. Internal Auditor – KSLH 2014 – January 2020: Internal Auditor – KSLH 2020- to date: Ag. Finance Manager
5. Eunice Nzilani		DoB: 28 <sup>th</sup> December 1982 Ms. Nzilani the Human Resource Manager( KSLH) holds Bachelor of Business Administration Human Resource degree from Jomo Kenyatta University Higher Diploma in HRM and Industrial relations Techincal University of Mombasa Diploma in HRM and Industrial Relations(TUM) Member of Institute of Human Resource Management Work Experience: 2006-2010 –HRM Sai Rock Hotel
,		2011-HRO-A.Appreals Jan 2012-Apr 2014 HRO –AWL 2014 – to date: Human Resource Manager-KSLH



# KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### 4. CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

During the financial year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020, the Company recorded a turnover of Ksh 401,925,000 as compared to estimate of Ksh 472,000,000 and Ksh 407,935,000 realized in the financial year ended 30 June 2019. Compared to the budget this represents a drop of 14.9 %. This was occasioned by the dismal performance in the last quarter (Q4) of the financial year occasioned by the outbreak of COVID-19 resulting in cancellation of foreign tourist bookings at Voi and Ngulia Safari Lodge and group conference bookings at Mombasa Beach Hotel.

#### **COVID -19 GLOBAL PANDEMIC**

This vibrant picture of the industry has now changed due to the adverse global, human, social, and economic impact of COVID-19 pandemic. As we approached the end of March 2020 many establishments in the hotel and tourism industry had begun witnessing extremely low levels of business with fears of possible near collapse of the industry. As a result KSLH recorded a dismal financial performance in the last quarter of the 2019-2020 FY with revenues at all Units showing a sharp decline beginning April 2020. Voi and Ngulia Safari Lodges which are dependent on the foreign markets for their revenues begun to record nil occupancies and in May 2020 the Board resolved to suspend operations in these lodges until end of September 2020.

## CHALLENGES FACING THE COMPANY

Facilities: all three KSLH units require a comprehensive program of complete renovations and upgrading.

Plant, equipment, furniture and fittings: a large proportion of these across the Company are fully depreciated, unserviceable and obsolete. They require complete overhaul.

Motor vehicles: The set of seven vehicles are fully depreciated, unserviceable and obsolete. There is need for total replacement with new ones.

Business challenges: the company faces stiff competition especially at the lodges from hotel companies with modern facilities and has challenges attracting and retaining high value clients owing to the aged status and tired look of the facilities.

Trade creditors, statutory liabilities, and unremitted payroll deductions: the Company is struggling to clear outstanding past VAT, PAYE and Tourism Fund levy because of constrained cash flows associated with poor business and negative working capital. Payment plans in place relate to historical debts and KSLH is struggling to meet current tax liabilities and other obligations (pension scheme contributions, SACCO and staff terminal benefits arrears etc)

**Debt Collection**: Debt recovery is slow and negatively impacts on cash flows due to long processes in payments by government institutions.

**Technical Insolvency**: the Company has been on the brink of technical insolvency arising from persistent losses and very weak and negative working capital. KSLH continued operation as a going concern is dependent upon the support of its creditors, shareholders and Government.

**Chairman-Board of Directors** 

DEC EMBED, 2020



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 5. REPORT OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotels Ltd (KSLH) properties offer accommodation, catering/restaurant services and event venue facilities to a diversity of clientele. In the first three quarters of 2019/2020 FY, sales promotion efforts at Mombasa Beach Hotel focused on the conferencing product offered to the market as either residential or non-residential packages. The MDAs market segment provided conferencing business to the hotel until March 2020 when the outbreak and spread of the COVID19 pandemic caused serious disruption to KSLH business.

The unique geographical spread and positioning of KSLH Units in the Kenya coastal tourist circuit i.e. a beach hotel at the Mombasa North Coast and two lodges in the renowned Tsavo National Parks provided leverage for them to handle the increased demand witnessed during the mid and peak seasons of the foreign leisure market.

### COVID -19 GLOBAL PANDEMIC

This vibrant picture of the industry has now changed due to the adverse global economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. In Kenya like in the rest of the world, stringent measures instituted to stop the spread of the virus such as restrictions in air travel (foreign and domestic), physical distancing, night curfews, closure of bars and limitations in opening hours of eateries have led to extremely low levels of business and possible near collapse of the industry.

## KSLH OPERATIONS AND FACILITIES ASSESSMENT

KSLH has experienced financial difficulty and erosion of shareholders capital due to a combination of the following factors;

### 1) Aged facilities and old equipment, furniture and fittings:

Most of the buildings and facilities are old and aged requiring complete facelift; most of the equipment, furniture and fittings are fully depreciated and unserviceable posing challenges to operations and efficient service delivery to clients. Areas that call for complete overhaul of operating equipments include:

# a) Mombasa Beach Hotel

- o **Kitchen cooking ranges and bakery oven**; cold rooms and freezers, laundry equipment, food and beverage equipment for bars and restaurants; Stainless steel storage racks & other sundry equipment
- o Guest rooms refurbishment including balcony sliding doors, bathrooms and main bedroom doors

### b) Voi & Ngulia Safari Lodges

- o **Kitchen cooking ranges and bakery oven;** cold rooms and freezers, laundry equipment, food and beverage equipment for bars and restaurants; Stainless steel storage racks & other sundry equipment
- 2) **High operation costs** high cost of repairs and maintenance due to aged and worn out facilities, high electricity, water and staff costs.



- 3) Business challenges the units are facing great challenges in attracting and retaining good businesses due to the status of the facilities.
- 4) **Revenue decline** decline in rooms sales due to the status of the rooms. Influx of new hotels and global brands that have increased competition.
- 5) **Statutory deductions** the units are not remitting statutory deductions including staff deductions as they should: SACCO, loans to Commercial Banks, Staff Welfare, union's dues, PAYE and Tourism Fund levy.
- 6) Pending bills (suppliers and other creditors) huge levels of unpaid bills; persistent problem of non- payment of suppliers of goods and services on time as per credit terms.
- 7) **Poor debt collection** KSLH lacks a dedicated debt recovery department and required staff to undertake credit control debt collection functions and responsibilities.
- 8) Funding needs unable to attract private and or commercial funding
- 9) Financial downturn experienced in the tourism sector due to external factors e.g. COVID-19 pandemic, insecurity, political disruption and seasonal fluctuations.
- 10) Human resources- gaps in training and professional development.

#### BUSINESS TURNAROUND AND RECOVERY IN THE WAKE OF COVID-19

Mombasa Beach Hotel has been serving as a quarantine facility since March 2020 following the outbreak and spread of the COVID19 infection. The lifting of restrictions has been gradual with Government being cautious with re-opening of businesses such as bars, restaurants and nightclubs. The sale of alcohol in such premises remains banned.

The situation has continued to evolve while the booking forecasts remain uncertain; the probability that the Company may face financial challenges in terms of operations sustainability is not to be ignored. However, management is optimistic that business will return back to normalcy.

Victor Mwambui

Ag. General Manager

03 December 2020



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. REVIEW OF KSLH 'S PERFOMANCE FOR FY 2019/2020

#### Sales

KSLH recorded an annual sales turnover of Ksh. 369,773,000 as at 30 June 2020 against a revenue budget of Ksh.472,000,000 representing a variance of 21.7 % below budget. Compared to FY2018/2019 sales turnover this represents a difference of Ksh.38,160,000 or a 9.4% drop in revenues.

# Cost of Sales

In 2019/2020 F total cost of sales were 87,726,000 representing 24% of turnover compared to estimate of Ksh104,820,000 and last year (2018/2019 FY) actual of Kshs 105,905,000.

# Gross Profit

Gross margin achieved for 2019/2020 FY was Ksh. 290,638,000 against an estimate of Kshs 367,180,000 representing a reduction of 21 % compared to budget. A comparison with the gross profit of Kshs 309,171,000 for 2018 / 2019 FY, translates to a reduction in GP of 6% below the previous year.

# **Operating Expenditure**

The total operating expenditure for the year ended 30 June 2020 was Kshs 291,674,000 representing 78.9 % of total revenue compared to budget of Ksh. 354,006,115 (75% of sales) and Ksh 299,829,000 the previous year. Thus there was a decline in total expenditure associated with a decline in sales turnover. Total HR costs represented the largest portion of this expenditure at Ksh 168,365,000 but this amount was way below the budget of Ksh 214,795,292 by 21.6 %. The Company managed to contain personnel costs by not undertaking any recruitment but only filling a few critical positions essential for sustaining KSLH trading activities. The only vacant positions filled include sales & marketing manager, sales executives and managers for each of the two lodges.

Property upkeep, repair and renewals expenses stood at Ksh 19,866,000 (or 7.1% of sales) which was below estimate of Ksh. 26,054,646 by 23.7 % and 10.2 % lower compared to 2018/2019 FY actual of Ksh 22,112,0. These repair and maintenance costs that appears disproportionate to the total sales were occasioned by the poor state of the facilities, plant, machinery and equipment across the Company.

Expenditure on utilities formed the bulk of day to day operating costs which amounted to Ksh. 62,492,000 compared to budgeted amount of Ksh68,022,484 which was lower by 8 % of budget.

# Operating Profit (Loss)

Overall KSLH achieved an operating profit of Kshs 21,517,000 compared to budget estimate of Ksh 10,493,855 and last year, Ksh27,689,000.



The 2019/2020 FY financial results for each KSLH unit are tabulated here below:

# ANNUAL TRADING RESULTS 2019/2020 FY

Sales Turn	over (FY 2019/202	20)		Net	Profit/(Loss) (F	Y 2019/2020)
Unit	Actual	Budget	2018/2019	Actual	Budget	2018/2019
	(Ksh'000)	(Ksh'000)	(Ksh'000)	(Ksh'000)	(Ksh'000)	(Ksh'000)
Mombasa Beach	214,067	250,000	262,306	16,422	34,919	44,029
Hotel	1	* }			1.0	
Voi Safari Lodge	119,724	120,000	114,304	20,143	8,447	6,368
Ngulia Safari	44,940	82,000	42,091	(6,486)	1,013	(11,409)
Lodge	κ .					
KSLH Head	23,195	20,000	17,247	(8,562)	(33,907)	(11,300)
Office	2 P 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7. A				1
TOTAL	401,926	472,000	435,948	21,517	10,472	27,688



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# 7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotel Ltd ("KSLH") is a limited liability company registered under the Kenya Companies Act whose share holding is as follows:

Shareholder	No. of Shares	% Shareholding
Tourism Finance Corporation	4,110,855	82.45%
Mountain Lodges Ltd	884,853	17.53%
Kenya Wildlife Service	1,016	0.02%

# **Board of Directors**

Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotel has Articles of Association as prescribed by the law and under Article 85 the authority to appoint Directors is vested in the Board of Directors. It is the practice that directors are nominated for appointment to the Board of Directors by the shareholders mainly on prorate basis.

During the period under review the Board consisted of 4 substantive directors and 3 alternate directors as follows:

#### **TFC**

Three (3) directors including the Chairman of the Board.

One (1) alternate director (alternate to Managing Director, TFC)

#### Mountain Lodges Ltd

One (1) director

#### **KWS**

One (1) alternate director to the Director-General (KWS)

#### **Ministry of Tourism**

One (1) alternate director representing the Principal Secretary, Tourism

# Changes in Directorships

With the demise of Mr. Michael Matu, KSLH director who was a nominee of Mountain Lodge Limited on 2<sup>nd</sup> March 2020, Mr. Kabuga Kariithi was effectively nominated on 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2020 to represent Mountain Lodge Limited Company.

KSLH Articles of Association Clause 84 provide that the number of Directors shall not be less than two and not more than ten directors. Under Clause 85 of the Articles of Association, provision has been made for the Board, from time to time, to appoint any other person as director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board so long as at any time the number of directors shall not exceed the maximum number fixed.



Clause 91 of the Articles of Association of the Company provides that directors may elect a Chairman of their meeting and determine the period for which he is to hold office.

The chairman of the Board is a non executive independent director along with another director nominated by TFC. The directors have a wide range of business and professional skills and experience.

# **Board Responsibilities**

The roles of the board and Management are separate and their responsibilities clearly defined.

The Board defines the Company's strategic intent, objectives and values and ensures that procedures and practices are in place, to protect the Company's assets and reputation. It is responsible for the stewardship of the Company and assumes responsibility for retaining full and effective control over the Company. The Board also controls, supervises and administers the assets of KSLH; determines the provisions to be made for capital and recurrent expenditure of KSLH; enters into association with other bodies or organizations within or outside Kenya as the Board may consider desirable or appropriate; authorize the opening of banking accounts and acts responsibly towards the Company's stakeholders.

The conduct of Board members is consistent with their duties and responsibilities to the Company and they must always act within the limitations imposed by the Mwongozo Code of Conduct.

In order to ensure that the Board is able to discharge its responsibilities, the management is required to provide adequate and timely information on the Company's policies. It also considers an operational report from the General Manager; management accounts for each quarter; reports from each Board Committee; specific proposals for capital improvements; and major issues and strategic opportunities for the Company.

The Company Secretary advises the Board on all corporate governance matters and statutory requirements as well as attends all the Board meetings.

## **Board Committees**

The Board has set up one main committee as outlined below with delegated it mandates as stipulated. The committees is:

Board Audit Committee: the membership comprised of Mr. Michael Matu (Chair), Mr. Jonah T. Orumoi (Member), Ms. Frida Njeru (Member) and Mr. Edwin Wanyonyi (Member).

Since Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotel is a state corporation, this committee is guided by the guidelines for audit committees in the public sector issued by the Treasury. Its main activities are to determine whether risks, internal controls and compliance maturities are reasonably in place, planned and directed, for goals of KSLH to be realized as expected by stakeholders. It does this by overseeing the auditing and financial reporting processes of KSLH.



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# 8.MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The company sales revenue decreased by 8% to Kshs.402M from Kshs.435M attained in FY2018/2019.Out of the 3 Units of KSLH, Voi & Ngulia Safari Lodge recorded increased sales revenues compared to the previous year, though this was below the targeted sales in the annual budget 2019/2020.Mombasa beach hotel recorded decreased sales compared to previous year. The last quarter of the year coincided with COVID 19 global Pandemic and the associated business downturn hence negative impact on the occupancy levels.

The achievement of the budgeted sales turnover for the financial year 2019/2020 was premised on the refurbishment of the flagship unit, Mombasa Beach Hotel at total cost of Ksh 78 million, Ngulia Safari Lodge at Ksh.41M and Voi Safari Lodge at Ksh.42M respectively. Although the renovation project was scheduled to begin at the beginning of the period under review this was set-aside due to lack of funding. Therefore the company was only able to undertake minimal capital improvement such as installation of 53 new split –unit air-conditioners for guest rooms at Mombasa Beach Hotel and much more is yet to be achieved. As a result KSLH properties are unable to command a leadership position in market share within their respective locations.

The company's statutory and other financial obligations have continued to increase as shown below. This state of affairs is attributed mainly by historical liabilities accrued over the years, decreasing revenues and profitability experienced in the last five years.

	AMOUNT
VAT	233,989,439
WITHOLDING TAX	9,900,668
PAYE	165,033,163
CLT	53,189,734
PENSION	24,729,040
SACCO	3,716,201
TRADE CREDITORS	108,323,000

Consequently the company is facing liquidity risk, due to the negative working capital casting doubt on the ability of the company to meet its financial obligation when they fall due and its continued existence as a going concern depends on the continued support from its creditors.

Management is hopeful that the company is going to maintain profitability as indicated as long as COVID 19 pandemic curve is flattened and normal business resumes. Meanwhile Management has reviewed its Strategic plan, putting more focus on all its trading units to ensure revenues start rising to enable the company reduce its trade creditors and other liabilities. Out of court settlement and negotiations on payment modalities have also been undertaken between trade creditors, other creditors and KSLH, the company having been issued with demand letters.



# 9. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT/SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

KSLH is committed to carrying out its business and affairs in a socially responsible, sustainable and meaningful way, taking into account ethics, economic development and the environment while improving the quality of life of the workforce, their families, local community and society at large.

KSLH will focus its commitment and contributions along the lines of the following core themes:

- (i) Environmental protection- During the year KSLH undertook several beach cleaning exercises geared towards protection and rehabilitation of the environment more specifically the beach environment.
- (ii) *Education* During the year KSLH endeavored to support educational activities which include HIV/AIDS awareness, Career development among the vulnerable groups, Special projects geared towards empowerment of the youth through internship.
- (iii) Sports promotion -KSLH has sports teams for men and women which participate in local tournaments.
- **(iv) Beautification projects** KSLH sought to partner with other stakeholders in beautification of the city of Mombasa. The lodges have also partnered with KWS on environmental clean-ups within the parks.
- (v) Local community programs-During the year KSLH partnered with Bombolulu Workshop for supply of PPE's to mitigate against COVID 19 Pandemic.



#### 10.REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 which show the state of the Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels affairs.

# Principal activities

The Principal activity of the Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels is ownership and operation of hotel and lodge facilities in Kenya. KSLH vision is to provide premiere hospitality experiences in Kenya; the mission is to enhance customer value by offering premiere Hospitality experiences with an African heritage and core values are Integrity Service excellence Discipline Team work Innovation Social responsibility Dedication and commitment

#### Results

The results of the entity for the year ended June 30, 2020 are set out on page 1

#### Dividends

The Directors' do not recommend the payment of dividend this year.

#### Directors

The members of the Board of Directors who served during the year are shown on page 4 In accordance with Regulations of the Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels Ltd Memorandum and Articles of Association; Mr Franklin Ndii was appointed as the new chairman of the board of directors with effect from 14<sup>th</sup> June 2019 replacing Mr. Paul Kurgat.

### Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels Ltd in accordance with article 229(4) (5) (6) and (7) of the Constitution of Kenya and Public Audit Act 2015 and the Public Finance Management (PFM) Act 2012.

By Order of the Board

Mr. John Karia

Corporation Secretary

Mombasa

Date: 1014 NOVEMPER RORO



# 11.STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Section 81(5) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and section 14(3) of the State Corporations Act, require the Directors to prepare financial statements in respect of that Company, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year/period and the operating results of the Company for that year/period. The Directors are also required to ensure that the Company keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company. The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company.

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the KSLH's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on June 30, 2020. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the entity; (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Company; (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Directors accept responsibility for the Company's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act and the State Corporations Act. The Directors are of the opinion that the Company's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Company's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2020, and of the Company's financial position as at that date. The Directors further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Company, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Company's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The directors noted the liquidity risk facing the company and within the year the major shareholder supported the company in improving the facility to generate more revenues.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Directors to indicate that the Company will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

### Approval of the financial statements

The Company's financial statements were approved by the Board on the ... 10<sup>TH</sup> Day of November 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Chairman

Director



# 12.REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON THE ENTITY

# REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2020

## REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Qualified Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels Limited set out on pages 1 to 50, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2020, and the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels Limited as at 30 June, 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Kenyan Companies Act, 2015.

# **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

## 1.0 Property, Plant and Equipment

### 1.1 Fully Depreciated Assets

The statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2020 reflects property, plant and equipment totalling Kshs.629,037,000 and a nil balance in respect to intangible assets. The values are net of fully depreciated property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets valued at Kshs.195,418,000 and Kshs.3,845,000, as further disclosed in Notes 16 and 17 to the financial statements respectively.

Among the fully depreciated fixed assets are several that are still in use. Failure to include the values of the assets in the financial statements has contravened. International Financial Reporting Standard No.16 on accounting for property, plant and equipment.

Consequently, the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets balances as at 30 June, 2020 are not fairly stated.

# 1.2 Unconfirmed Ownership of Freehold Land

Included in the property, plant and equipment balance totalling Kshs.629,037,000 are land and buildings with a net book value of Kshs.611,656,000 which includes freehold land in Mombasa valued at Kshs.360,000,000. However, the title for the land was not presented for audit verification and further, its physical demarcation beacons were not identified by Management.

In addition, handing over reports between successive General Managers of the Company did not include the freehold land. Further available records indicated that the land was charged to other parties as shown in the appendix attached to this report.

In view of these anomalies, ownership of the freehold land and the accuracy and validity of its valuation amounting to Kshs.360,000,000 as at 30 June, 2020 could not be confirmed.

#### 2.0 Trade and Other Receivables

The statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2020 reflects trade and other receivables balance totalling Kshs.173,366,000. However, examination of records on the receivables revealed the following anomalies:

#### 2.1 Dormant Trade Debtors

As similarly reported in 2018/2019, included in the trade and other receivables balance totaling Kshs.173,366,000 as at 30 June, 2020 are three hundred and fifty-four (354) trade debtor accounts with a total balance of Kshs.62,988,012. No payment had been received from the debtors in the previous two years and further, the efforts made by Management to recover the debts were not disclosed. In addition, there was no specific provision made for the impairment of the debts.

#### 2.2 Non-Existent Debtors

Further, as similarly reported in 2018/2019, the list of outstanding trade debtors includes Kshs.9,134,671 owed by four entities that are no longer in existence. However, no specific provision was made to recognize the doubtful nature of the debts in the year under review.

Under the circumstances, the adequacy of the provision for bad debts amounting to Kshs.6,080,917 and the extent to which the trade and other receivables balance totalling Kshs.173,366,000 were recoverable as at 30 June, 2020 could not be confirmed.

# 3.0 Long Outstanding Trade and Other Payables

As previously reported, the trade and other payables balance totalling Kshs.698,310,000 shown in the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2020 includes long outstanding payables on various statutory payroll deductions, Value-Added-Tax and other levies totalling Kshs.505,436,383. However, penalties payable for failure to remit the deductions

have not been provided for in these financial statements. Further, no satisfactory explanation has been provided by Management for the failure to recover the balance.

Consequently, the trade and other payables balance totalling Kshs.698,310,000 as at 30 June, 2020 may not be fairly stated.

# 4.0 Unsupported Administrative Expenses

The statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income reflects administrative expenses totalling Kshs.17,322,000, as further disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. Included in the balance are Directors' expenses totaling Kshs.3,966,000.

Audit examination of the Directors' expenses revealed expenditure totalling Kshs.489,450 spent on airfares whose occurrence could, however, not be confirmed as the respective travel records were not provided for audit.

In the circumstances, the propriety of the expenditure totalling Kshs.489,450 relating to director's expenses could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotels Limited Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

# Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

I draw attention to the disclosure in Note 32 to the financial statements which indicates that the Company is facing a liquidity risk due to its negative working capital amounting to Kshs.432,916,000 resulting from its current liabilities totalling Kshs.701,920,000 and current assets totalling Kshs.269,004,000 as at 30 June, 2020. In addition, the Company had accumulated losses totaling Kshs.404,288,000 as at 30 June, 2020 as reflected in the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended.

Further, as previously reported, the Company in 2013/2014 financial year successfully negotiated for conversion into equity of a loan totalling Kshs.75,554,000 received from the Tourism Finance Corporation. The interest accrued thereon was waived. However, despite these actions, the working capital position of the Company and its overall financial performance have continued to decline.

In addition, the Company is behind schedule on repayment of another Tourism Finance Corporation loan totalling Kshs.20,740,045 received in April, 2016 and which is due for full repayment in April, 2021. Examination of records on the loan indicated that out of the expected repayments totalling Kshs.14,195,257 as at 30 June, 2020, only

Kshs.8,602,039 had been paid and therefore the Company was in default for Kshs.5,593,218.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that has cast doubt on the Company's ability to meet its financial obligations as they fall due, and to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Company's existence as a going concern is dependent upon continued support from its shareholders, bankers and creditors.

My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

#### Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information which is comprised of the report of directors as required by the Kenyan Companies Act, 2015, and the statement of the Directors' responsibilities which are obtained prior to the date of this report, and the annual report which is expected to be made available after that date.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with the audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Based on the work I have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, if I conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

#### Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

# **Basis for Conclusion**

## 1.0 Lack of Strategic Plan

As previously reported, the Company's Strategic Plan for the period 2012-2018 expired in November, 2018. Management has indicated that a draft plan is about to be finalized

and launched. Therefore, the Company is operating without a strategic plan contrary to Section 68(2) (g) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 which requires an Accounting Officer of a National Government entity to prepare a strategic plan in conformity with the medium term fiscal framework and policy objectives.

In the absence of the Strategic Plan the basis for setting budget objectives and programmes and activities may not be objective.

#### 2.0 Failure to Use E-Procurement Platform

During the year under review, Management undertook various procurements that included purchase of fifty-five air conditioners, one hundred forty-two television sets and food stuffs among others. However, the e-procurement platform was not installed contrary to Executive Order No.6 of 06 March, 2015 which required all state corporations and universities to conduct their procurement activities through the platform. National Treasury Circular No.6/2015, had similarly required all public entities to migrate to e-procurement by June 2015.

Failure by Management to operationalize the platform is not only irregular but may also result in uncompetitive and irregular procurement activities by the Company.

# 3.0 Unremitted Statutory Deductions

Included in other payables balance totaling Kshs.513,204,000,as further disclosed in Note 24 to the financial statements, are tax and statutory deductions totalling Kshs.409,338,478; as detailed below:

Deduction	Amount (Kshs.)
Value-Added-Tax	233,989,439
National Social Security Fund	127,600
National Hospital Insurance Fund	287,610
Pay-As-You-Earn	165,033,162
Withholding Value-Added-Tax	9,900,667
Total	409,338,478

Failure to remit statutory deductions may result in payment of penalties which would amount to wasteful expenditure. Management has indicated that the respective agencies had agreed to a staggered repayment of the outstanding remittances.

# 4.0 Forfeiture of Cash Receipts on Sale of Shares

As reported in the previous year, the share capital of the Company was increased from Kshs.9,319,000 to Kshs.100,954,000 by a rights issues of 5,047,724 ordinary shares of Kshs.20 each in October, 2013. The shares were offered to existing shareholders at Kshs.20 per share based on par value. However, the net assets of the Company as at 30 June, 2013 amounted to Kshs.667,399,000, and therefore the net asset value of each share was Kshs.145.65. As a result, the rights issue price of Kshs.20 per share was

undervalued by Kshs.125.65 and may have resulted in loss to the Company of significant cash receipts that may otherwise have helped in reverse the Company's unfavorable cash position.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. A review is limited primarily to analytical procedures and to inquiries, and therefore provides less assurance. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

#### Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

# 1.0 Non-integration of the Accounting System

As reported in the previous year, the Mombasa Beach Hotel maintains its books of account in an electronic accounting system which may be operated in multiple locations via a network. However, it had not been deployed in Voi and Ngulia Safari Lodges whose financial records are maintained in electronic workbooks. The workbooks are physically transferred to Mombasa on a flash-disk where they are uploaded onto the electronic accounting system. The financial data is therefore susceptible to unauthorized change, damage or loss during transfer. In addition, decision making by Management is slow since the accounting system takes long to be updated with data from the two lodges.

Failure to optimize the existing accounting system by connecting it to all business operational units of the Company may, therefore, be hindering efficient and effective operation of the business.

### 2.0 Weak Controls on Debt Management

Disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements are trade debtors balance totalling Kshs.140,459,000 as at 30 June, 2020, out of which Kshs.118,234,489 or 84% had been outstanding for more than six months.

Section 2.3.2 of the Company's Draft Credit Policy provides that customers shall be allowed credit upon payment of a deposit of 50% of the quotation and settle the balance

on departure, or within 30 days. The long outstanding debts indicate that the Company may have contravened its own policy on debt management and therefore its internal controls on credit sales may not be functioning as intended.

# 3.0 Lack of Substantive Senior Managers

The Company headed by an Acting General Manager as at 30 June, 2020 who had been in the position since August, 2018 and whose contract had been extended four times. The position had been advertised more than once but no one was appointed to the post. In addition, the position of the Finance Manager became vacant in January, 2020 but had not been filled at the time of the audit in November, 2020.

No satisfactory explanation was provided by Management on why the Board has taken so long to recruit substantive position holders or confirm the acting appointments. Since they lack substantive authority, the senior management in acting capacity may be constrained from making and executing significant decisions on operation and growth of the business.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether processes and systems of internal control, risk management and governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

As required by the Kenyan Companies Act, 2015 I report based on the audit, that:

- (i) I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of my audit;
- (ii) In my opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from the examination of those books;
- (iii) The Company's statement of financial position and statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income are in agreement with books of account; and

# Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and overall governance

In preparing the financial statements, Management is the responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters

related to going concern and using the applicable basis of accounting unless the directors are aware of intention to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The directors are also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act. 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective manner.

The directors are responsible for overseeing financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Company monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to overall governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

# Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in

which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Nancy Gathungu AUDITOR-GENERAL

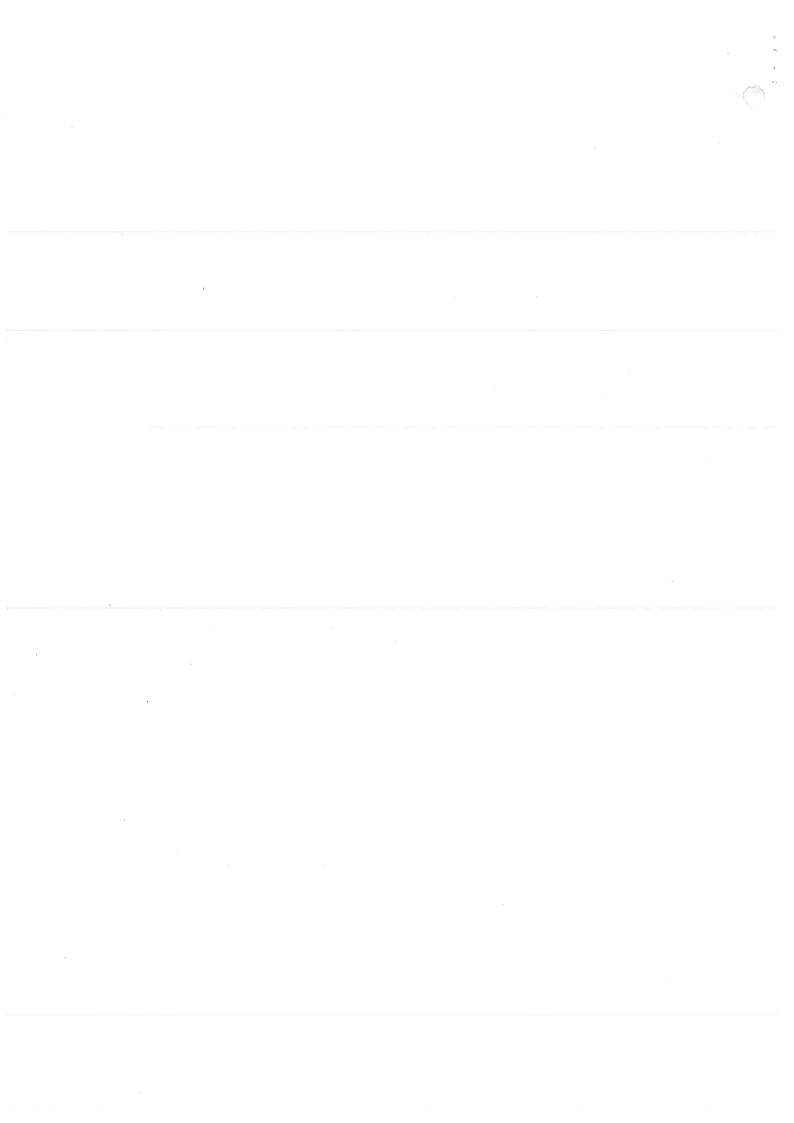
Nairobi

27 August, 2021

# **APPENDIX**

# **Charges on Mombasa Property**

Charge No.	Date	Charge/Presentation No.	Charged by	Value	Comments
10	04.05.1992	005 of 23.04.1992	Annurali Jafferali M.	Unquantified	Sub-lease Interest
15	25.02.2005	Not clear from copy but dated 21.03.2005	Kenya Tourism Development Corporation Limited	Kshs.40,000,000	Details Not Provided





### 13. STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Notes	2019-2020	2018-2019
		Shs'000	Shs'000
TURNOVER	4	369,773	407,935
COST OF SALES	7	(87,726)	(105,905)
GROSS PROFIT		282,047	302,030
OTHER INCOME	5	8,591	7,142
TOTAL INCOME		290,638	309,172
OPERATING COSTS	8	(62,492)	(66,893)
STAFF COSTS	9	(168,365)	(172,667)
ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS	10	(17,322)	(19,493)
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	11	(19,866)	(22,113)
ADVERTISING AND PROMOTION	12	(1,967)	(1,385
GENERAL EXPENSES	13	(9,795)	(8,389)
DEPRECIATION	16	(11,866)	(8,890)
AMORTIZATION			p g
TOTAL EXPENSES		291,674	299,829
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		(1,036)	9,342
FINANCE INCOME	6	23,561	20,872
FINANCE COSTS	14	(1,009)	(2,526)
EARNINGS BEFORE EXTRA ORDINARY ITEMS		21,517	27,688
PROFIT\(LOSS) BEFORE TAX		21,517	27,688
INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT)			P A
PROFIT AFTER TAX		21,517	27,688



### KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

14.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

	Notes	2020	2019	
<u>ASSETS</u>		Shs'000	Shs'000	
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
Properties, Plant and Equipment	16	629,037	650,221	
Intangible assets	17	0	(	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventories	18	10,983	9,783	
Trade and other receivables	19	173,366	186,378	
Short term Deposits	29	21,029	0	
Cash and Bank equivalent	25	63,626	54,217	
Sub-total		269,004	250,378	
TOTAL ASSETS		898,041	900,599	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			f	
OWNERS' EQUITY			* d	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Share Capital	20	100,954	100,954	
Revaluation Reserve	22	486,727	505,722	
Retained Earnings	21	(404,288)	(425,805)	
Shareholders' Funds		183,393	180,871	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITES	3	100,333	100,071	
Borrowings -long term	23	8,728	10,588	
Contingent Liabilities	28	4,000	5,000	
Sub-total		12,728	15,588	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		12,720	13,366	
Borrowings-short term	26	0	4,112	
TFC Loan	26	3,610	4,112	
Trade and other payables	24	698,310	695,903	
Total Liabilities		701,920	704,140	
TAL OWNERS' EQUITY AND BILITY		898,041	900,599	

Ag.General Manager Victor Mwambui Ag. Finance Manager Lillian Obura

Chairman of the Board of Directors



### **KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### 15.STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Ordinary Shares Kshs'000	Revaluati on Reserve Ksh'000	Profit & Loss Account Ksh.'000	Total Kshs'00 0
As at 1 July 2018	100,954	527,415	(453,493)	174,876
Rights Issue				-
Prior year adjustment				-
Revaluation surplus				
Net Profit for The year			27,688	27,688
Prior year adjustment on revaluation				
Transfer To Depreciation Equivalent		(21,693)		(21,693)
As at June 30, 2019	100,954	505,722	(425,805)	180,871
•				
As at 1 July 2019	100,954	505,722	(425,805)	180,871
Rights Issue				-
Prior year adjustment			-	-
Revaluation surplus				-
Net Profit for The year			21,517	21,517
Prior year adjustment on revaluation				-
Transfer To Depreciation Equivalent		(18,995)		(18,995)
As at 30 June 2020	100,954	486,727	(404,288)	183,393



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### 16.STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	2019-2020	2018-2019
		Kshs'000	Kshs'000
Operating activities			
Profit/(Loss) before tax		21,517	27,688
Adjustments for:-			
Gain on sale of fixed assets		_	
Depreciation	16	11,866	8,890
Amortization			-
Rounding off difference		(5)	-
Interest income (from KCB fixed deposit)	6	(1,125)	(1,118)
Finance cost	14	1,009	2,526
Cash flow from/(used in) operations before		33,262	37,986
Working capital changes:			
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	18	(1,201)	(3,740)
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and receivables	19	13,012	(41,529)
Increase/(Decrease) in Payables and accruals	24	2,407	53,445
Sub-Total		14,219	8,176
Net cash flow from operating activities		47,481	46,162
Investing activities			
Short term Investment	29	(21,029)	0
Purchase of fixed assets	16	(9,672)	(4,384)
Proceed from sale of Fixed Assets		-	-
Interest received	6	1,125	1,118
Net cash flow from investing activities		(29,576)	(3,266)
Financing activities			
Rights Issue proceeds		0	0
Loan repayment	23,26	(2,375)	(1,288)
Contingent liability	24	(1,000)	(7,765)
Bank overdraft	26	(4,112)	(1,688)
Payment of Finance cost	14	(1,009)	(2,526)
Net cash flow from financing activities		(8,496)	(13,267)
Net Cash Flow from the year 2020	(A)	9,409	29,629
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		54,217	24,588
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	25	63,626	54,217



### 17. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual On Comparable Basis	Performance Difference	% Variance
	2019-2020	2019-2020	2019-2020	2019-2020	2019-2020	
	Kshs'000'	Kshs'000'	Kshs'000'	Kshs'000'	Kshs'000'	1,155
Sales	472,000	0	472,000	401,925	(70,025)	15%
Cost Of Sales	104,820	0	104,820	87,726	17,094	
	11-	0				
Gross Profit	367,180	0	367,180	314,199	52,981	14%
		0				
Expenditure		0				elan el el
Salaries Wages	137,221	0	137,221	112,504	(24,717)	
Staff Expenses	65,605	0	65,605	45,691	(18,234)	1874 D.
Staff Travel	11,970	0	11,970	10,170	(1,501)	
Property Upkeep & Expenses	11,380	0	11,380	9,795	(2,962)	
Repairs & Renewals	14,675	3,428	18,103	18,103	(3,428)	23%
Operating Costs	68,022	(3,428)	64,594	64,254	3,768	6%
Office Expenses	7,778	0	7,778	6,693	(1,084)	
Administration Expenses	3,575	0	3,575	2,709	(1,466)	
Directors Fees/Expenses	6,469	0	6,469	3,966	(2,503)	
Advertising & Promotion	3,000	0	3,000	1,967	(1,033)	
General Charges	9,644	0	9,644	3,954	(5,712)	
Depreciation & Amortization	14,668	0	14,668	11,866	(2,802)	
Interest & Other Charges	2,680	0	2,680	1,009	(1,671)	
Total Operating Expenses	356,708	0	356,708	292,682	(64,026)	
	0	0	0			
Operating Profit	10,494	0	10,494	21,517	11,045	105.25%

### Notes to budget variances

Repairs and renewals surpassed the budget by 23%. The cost incurred was due to aging facilities, we noted that, the cost of repairs & renewal went above the budget as shown on the table above. The cost incurred was necessary to keep the product in saleable state and minimize guest complaints.



### 18.NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Kenya Safari Lodges and Hotel Ltd was incorporated under the Kenya Companies Act (Cap 486) KSLH is classified as a State Corporation by virtue of being a subsidiary of Tourism Finance Corporation (TFC,) which has a direct controlling stake of 82.45% of shares its domiciled in Kenya. The entity's principal activity is ownership and operation of hotel and lodge facilities in Kenya.

For Kenyan Companies Act reporting purposes, the balance sheet is represented by the statement of financial position and the profit and loss account by the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in these financial statements

### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

For the Kenyan Companies Act reporting purposes, in these financial statements the balance sheet is equivalent to the statement of financial position and the profit and loss account is included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the entity.

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the PFM Act, the state Corporation Act, and International Financial Reporting standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya shillings (Kshs) rounded to the nearest thousand.

### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRS) AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### a) Revenue Recognition

Turnover represents billings to guests and casual customers for accommodation, food and other services provided net of Value Added Tax, returns and rebates. Interest income is recognized when it accrues, by reference to the principal outstanding and the interest rate applicable. All other revenues are recognized at the time goods are supplied or services are provided.



Annual Report and Financial Statements
For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### b) Property, Plant and Equipment

All Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost or revaluation less depreciation. The Mombasa Beach Lease is for a term of 99 years while Leases for Voi and Ngulia Safari

Lodges were for a term of 50 years up to 2018 and 2019 respectively. Property, Plant and Equipment acquired under finance lease agreement are capitalized at the date of the agreement. Depreciation on assets other than land is calculated on the straight-line basis at annual rates estimated to write off the assets over their expected useful lives. While the value of land for Voi Safari Lodge & Ngulia Safari Lodge is amortized over the lease period.

The annual rates used are as follows: -

Buildings	30 years or the unexpired lease
Plant, Machinery, Furniture & Fittings	8 years
Vehicles	4 years
Computers	3 years
Intangible assets (soft ware's)	3 years

### c) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets represent computer software which is stated at cost less amortization. Amortization is calculated to write off the cost of the assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful life of 3 years.

### d) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Net realizable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

### e) Foreign Currency

Transactions during the year are converted into Kenya currency at the rate ruling at transaction dates. Assets and Liabilities at the balance sheet date which are expressed in foreign currencies are translated into Kenya currency at rates ruling at that date.

The resulting differences from conversion and translations are dealt with in the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.



SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### f) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are carried at anticipated realizable value. An estimate is made for doubtful receivables based on the review of all outstanding amounts at the end of the year. Bad debts are written off when all reasonable steps to recover them have failed.

### g) Loans/Bank Borrowings

Interest bearing loans and overdrafts are recorded as the proceeds are received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges including premiums payable on settlement or redemption, are accounted for on an accrual basis and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period they arise. Interest and other finance charges are recognized as an expense in the period which they are incurred.

### h) Trade Payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether billed or not.

### i) Taxation

Current taxation is provided, under the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred tax. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible **temporary** differences, carry forward of unusual tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and the unused tax credits can be utilized.

### j) Employee Benefit Costs

The company operates a pension scheme which commenced 1<sup>st</sup> January 1975 (Certificate of Registration: Ref. No RBA/SC/01044) and is funded by payments from both the employee and the company. Benefits are paid to retiring staff in accordance with the Scheme's Trust Deed and Rules.

Being a Defined Contributions Scheme, liability is limited to the contribution and the Company has no obligation if the fund does not have sufficient funds to pay members



### KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

retirement funds. Employer and Employee contribution rate is 10% and 5% respectively.

The company also contributes to the National Social Security Fund (NSSF). Contributions are determined by the local statute and are currently at Kshs. 200 per employee per month.

Contributions by the company in respect of retirement benefit costs are charged to the Income Statement in the year to which they relate.

### Provision for staff leave and service pay

Employees' entitled to annual leave are charged to the Income Statement as they fall due.

Employees on contract are entitled to gratuity at the end of the contract or employment, which ever comes earlier. The estimated monetary liability for such entitlement at the end of the balance sheet date is recognized as an expense accrual.

### k) Dividends

Dividends on Ordinary shares (when earned) are charged to equity in the period in which they are declared. Proposed dividends are shown as a separate component of equity until declared.

### 1) Cash & Cash Equivalents

The company's Cash and Cash equivalents consist of Cash in Hand, Demand Deposits and Short–term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Cash in Hand and in banks and short term deposits which are held to maturity are carried at cost plus interest earned but not yet received at the balance sheet date.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2019-2020	2018-2019
	Shs'000	Shs'000
4.TURNOVER		
Accommodation	109,502	105,165
Food	178,671	203,219
Beverage	37,576	44,201
Tobacco	320	292
Telephone	0	5
Laundry	271	245
Business Center	741	1,210
Functions	41,466	51,576
Petrol and oil	1	6
Sporting Facilities	1,224	2,016
	369,773	407,935
5.OTHER INCOME		
Rent	1,247	1,351
Sales of Fixed Assets	0	0
Other income	7,344	5,791
	8,591	7,142
6.FINANCE INCOME		. /
Foreign Exchange Gain	22,436	19,754
Interest Income	1,125	1,118
	23,561	20,872
7.COST OF SALES		20,072
Food	73,994	87,599
Drinks	8,687	10,374
Tobacco	268	266
Telephone	0	0
Functions	4,426	7,187
Laundry	1	0
Business Center	323	295
Petrol and Oil	0	0
Sporting Facilities	28	184
A 2 ;	87,726	105,905



8. OPERATING COSTS		
Electricity	20,211	21,448
Fuel and gas	14,418	16,526
Water	5,396	6,886
Laundry & cleaning	10,432	8,277
Vehicle operating costs	3,107	4,524
Guest entertainment	4,405	4,675
Others	4,523	4,557
	62,492	66,893
9.STAFF COSTS		
Salaries and Wages	112,504	116,179
Staff Expenses	45,691	46,306
Staff Travel	10,170	10,182
Stair Huver	168,365	172,667
10. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Audit Fees	1,500	2,478
Professional Fees	741	323
Directors Expenses	3,966	3,860
Bad Debts provision	(2,904)	3,726
Service pay provision	0	0
Legal Fees	468	(4,199)
Office Expenses	6,693	6,951
General Expenses	6,859	6,354
	17,322	19,493
11. REPAIRS & RENEWALS EXPENSES		
Building	5,327	7,146
Plant & Machinery	7,635	9,146
Motor Vehicles	1,763	1,184
Others	5,142	4,637
	19,866	22,113
12.ADVERTISING & PROMOTION		
Advertising Expenses	941	410
Sales Promotion	1,026	975
	1,967	1,385



### KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

13. GENERAL CHARGES		
Rent & rates	5,033	4,162
Insurance	3,099	2,811
Gardens & Grounds	102	46
Maintenance Contracts	1,561	1,369
	9,795	8,389
14.FINANCE COSTS		
Long/Short -term interest	0	1,063
Bank charges including overdraft	1,009	1,463
	1,009	2,526

### 15.TAXATION

a) Current Tax

Tax charge for year

Deferred tax

There was no tax charge for the year due to

Accumulated tax losses



Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

	Alexander - control black and a self-participation and				
16	DDODEDTIEC	DI A NITT	ARTIN	COLIDATENIT	
10.	PROPERTIES,	FLANI	AND	ECOLLIMENT	

1,057,813 1,057,813 169,014 390,140 498,659		8,114 85,168 30,817 31,022	796 47,082 7,971 15,781	14,621 - 14,621 -	19,390 - 762 20,152		1,215,164 - 9,672 1,224,836 - 242,575
1,057,813 169,014 390,140		8,114 85,168 30,817 31,022	- 796 47,082 7,971	14,621	762 20,152 20,152	-	9,672 1,224,836 - 242,575
169,014 390,140		30,817 31,022	796 47,082 7,971	14,621	20,152 20,152	-	9,672 1,224,836 - 242,575
169,014 390,140		30,817 31,022	7,971	14,621	20,152	-	1,224,836
169,014 390,140		30,817	7,971	14,621	20,152	-	242,575
390,140	eminor of a factor and other aggregates and	31,022					242,575
390,140	The second of th	31,022					
			15,781	-			
498,659		22.220	*				436,943
	75 15	23,329	23,330	_			545,318
421,231		64,577	45,884	14,621	18,630	_	564,943
5,935		4,897	225	¥	809		11,866
18,991		î î				-	18,991
24,926		4,897	225	-	809		30,857
446,157	1 4	69,474	46,109	14,621	19,439	-	595,800
636,582		12,477	402	0	761	-	650,221
611,656		15,694	973	0	714		629,036
ciated		eciating	rate 2%	charge 800	18		1
102			3.30%	11,399			
	2,423	: ,		-			
	668 3	360	23/0	30.857			3 11 3
7/0				20,027			
	611,656	611,656  ciated depr 40,00 345,4 03 235,6 92 39,17 82 1,800 78 2,429 21 - 476 668,3 360,6	611,656 15,694 ciated depreciating 40,000 345,425 03 235,685 92 39,176 82 1,800 78 2,429 21 -	611,656 15,694 973  ciated depreciating 40,000 2%	611,656         15,694         973         0           ciated         depreciating 40,000 2% 800 345,425 3.30% 11,399 345,425 3.30% 12,727 392 39,176 12.50% 4,897 392 39,176 12.50% 225 39,176 12.50% 225 39,176 12.50% 225 39,176 30,857 360,000         12,50% 225 33.30% 809 21 25% - 30,857 360,000	611,656         15,694         973         0         714           ciated         depreciating 40,000 2% 800 345,425 3.30% 11,399 345,425 3.30% 12,727 325,685 5.40% 12,727 325,685 39,176 12.50% 4,897 325,429 325,685 325,685 33.30% 325,685 3	611,656         15,694         973         0         714         -           ciated         depreciating 40,000 2% 800 345,425 3.30% 11,399 345,425 3.30% 12,727 325,685 5.40% 12,727 327 39,176 12.50% 4,897 325 39,176 12.50% 225 39,176 12.50% 225 325 325 325 325 325 325 325 325 325



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. PROPERTIES,	PI	ANT	ANT	E	OI	HPMENT	
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2019	LAND & BUILDINGS Kshs'000	PLANT & MACHINERY Kshs '000	FURNITURE & FITTINGS Kshs '000	MOTOR VEHICLE Kshs '000	COMPUTERS Kshs '000	WIP Kshs '000	TOTAL Kshs '000
COST/VALUATION							
At July 1,2018	1,057,813	73,780	46,032	14,621	18,534	1.	1,210,780
Additions	-	3,274	254	- 1	857		4,384
Transfers		:-		-			1,001
Disposals	_	-	-	-		-	_
At June 30,2019	1,057,813	77,054	46,286	14,621	19,390		1,215,164
DEPRECIATION	•	•					.,,
At July 1,2018	396,246	60,009	45,681	14,621	17,804		534,361
Charge for the year(cost)	3,293	4,568	203		826		8,890
Charge for the year ( valuation)	21,692	,			020		21,692
Impairment Loss							21,002
Eliminated on disposal							-
At June 30,2019	421,231	64,577	45,884	14,621	18,630		564,943
NET BOOK VALUE At June 30,2019	636,582	12,477	402	-	761		650,221

NB	Fully depreciated	depreciating	rate	charge
Leasehold	5,000	35,000	2%	700
Building		345,425	3.30%	11,399
Building	73,755	238,633	5.40%	12,886
Plant & Mach	40,507	36,547	12.50%	4,568
Furniture & Fit	44,663	1,623	12.50%	203
Computers	16,912	2,478	33.30%	826
MV	14,621	-	25%	
S-Total	195,418	659,706		30,582
Freehold		360,000		- 0,002
G-Total		1,215,164		



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		2019-2020	2018-2019
1-1-11/4	1	Kshs'000	Kshs'00
COST/VALUATION	=		
At July 1		3,845	3,845
Additions		-	-
Disposal		n	
At June 30		3,845	3,845
AMORTISATION			
At July 1		3,845	3,845
Charge for the year			
Disposal			
Impairment loss	0		-
At June 30	1	3,845	3,845
	j	3 <b>.</b>	
NET BOOK VALUE AT JUNE 30	1 t	-	-

NB

Fully depreciated depreciating rate charge Software 3,845 0 33.30% 0

The figure relates to computer software and licenses for our front office Fidelio, Sun system and materials controls system that are currently in use.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

		2019-2020	2018-2019
		Shs'000	Shs'000
18. INVENTORIES			
Food		2,309	1,499
Beverage		2,235	1,438
Tobacco		18	21
Stationary		837	808
Others		5,584	6,017
Total		10,983	9,783
19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Trade debtors,		140,459	149,026
Bad debts provisions		(6,081)	(8,985)
Other debtors and prepayments		38,988	46,337
	- 189	173,366	186,379
20.SHARE CAPITAL		173,300	100,379
Authorized, issued and fully paid5,047,724 Ordinary shares			
of Kshs. 20/= each.		100,954	100,954
SHAREHOLDERS The state of the s			
Tourism Finance Corporation.	82.45%		3 3
Mountain Lodge	17.53%		
Kenya Wildlife Service Trustees	0.02%		
21. RETAINED EARNINGS		(404,288)	(425,805)
22.REVALUATION RESERVE			
Balance b/f	197	505,722	527,415
Depreciation transferred to retained earnings		(18,991)	(21,693)
relates to revaluation gain on assets (crystal valuers 2010)	126		(22,030)
Balance C/F		486,731	505,722
23. BORROWING LONG TERM	(a) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c		
Loan TFC		8,728	10,588
Total		8,728	10,588



24.TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		i julia
Trade creditors	108,323	123,569
Unearned income	24,099	21,774
Accruals	1,818	4,603
Audit fees	6,066	4,566
Other Payables including VAT & CLT	513,204	491,208
Service Gratuity	44,799	50,182
	698,310	695,903
		, i
25.CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT		
Cash in hand (float)	597	547
Dollar equivalent KCB \$ A/C	29,754	28,089
Cash in Bank BBKA/C	19,158	2,198
Cash in KCB KSH A/C	14,117	3,479
Total	63,626	34,313
Cash Equivalent include short term liquid		
investments which are readily convertible to		
known amounts of cash and which were within		
three months of maturity when acquired.		

Detailed analysis of the cash and cash equivalent

Financial Institution	Account Number	2019-2020	2018-2019
a) Current account	* *		
Kenya Commercial Bank (Ksh)	1106515188	14,117	3,479
Kenya Commercial Bank (USD)	1107647819	29,754	28,089
Barclays bank account(Ksh)	8207166	19,158	2,198
Sub-total		63,029	33,766
b) On call deposits		-	-
c) Staff car loan/Mortgage		1.5	-
d) Others	8		
Cash in hand(Float)		597	547
Sub -total		597	547
Grand total	9	63,626	34,313



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

26. BORROWING SHORT TERM		
Bank Overdraft		4,112
BBK A/C		_
TFC Loan		_
12 months @ 343,779	3,610	4,125
	3,610	8,237
The Bank overdraft is secured by cash investments in form of Fixed deposit.	3 - 2 1 2 6	,
KTDC Loan relates to amount payable within the next one year.	- 6 : 3 × 10 m	
27.DIVIDENDS  No dividends were declared during the year.		
28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		0
Legal Fee	4,000	5,000
	4,000	5,000

The legal case H.C petition No. 64 of 2015-Mombasa, Kenya Safari Lodges & Hotels Limited-Vs. Kenya Revenue Authority is yet to be concluded. In relation to the same the company submitted a written request for arbitration to the registrar of the Nairobi Centre for International Arbitration (N.C.I.A) to commence the arbitration process. This was done to comply with the directive of the office of the Attorney General to having all disputes involving inter-governmental agencies court be referred to the (N.C.I.A). Due to this risk exposure, KSLH has made a provision of Kshs. 4,000,000 on all legal matters pending in courts.

The company is likely to also incur liability relating to penalty for non submission of staff Saccos amounting to Kshs 3,716,200 VAT, CLT and PAYE amounting to Kshs.513,204,000 and long outstanding trade creditors' balances amounting to Ksh.108,339,000

No loans were guaranteed by the company to its staff, directors or any other entity in the year.

29. SHORT TERM DEPOSIT	1 3		
Cash investments(FD at KCB TRY SQ Acc No	- P		
1124550186)		21,029	19,904
		21,029	19,904

The cash investments (Fixed deposit at KCB treasury square account) held in Kenya Commercial bank of Ksh. 21,029, 000 are funds held as Sinking fund. This was



### KENYA SAFARI LODGES AND HOTELS LIMITED Annual Report and Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

formed after the Board granted its approval. This has been separated from cash and cash equivalent to short term investments based on the recommendation by Auditor General as best practice (Refer statement of cash flows)

Fixed deposit account			8 3 30
Kenya Commercial bank (Ksh)	MM1721487681	21,029	19,903
Sub-total		21,029	19,903

### **30. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The leasehold land for Voi and Ngulia Safari Lodges expired in November 2018 and March 2019 respectively. The company applied to Kenya Wildlife Service for the renewal of the leases and is continuously following up on the same.

No other events have become known or occurred that may lead to significant changes to these financial statements. These would be like court judgments or regulatory decisions that may affect reported assets/liabilities or adversely reflect upon the integrity of the decision-maker.

### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the following transactions were executed with related parties: -

- 1. Kenya National Parks (KNP) which owns 0.02% of KSLH had leased Voi and Ngulia lodges to KSLH. The company has been paying monthly lease rents for both Ngulia and Voi Safari Lodge.
- 2. Tourism Funds Corporation (TFC) which owns 82.45% of KSLH had allocated office space to KSLH at Utalii House, Nairobi.

During the year KSLH continued to service an interest free loan granted by TFC in the prior year to cater for fifty (50) Air condition units for Mombasa Beach Hotel amounting to Ksh 1.5M.Also through TFC, KCB continued holding a bank guarantee to Judiciary of Kenya , Mombasa law courts in respect to KRA TAX CASE (H.C PETITION No. 64 of 2015 Kshs 38M). TFC Lien F/D was not renewed upon maturity on 26<sup>th</sup> March 2020.

3. During the year KSLH was able to attract and transact business with a number of county governments and central government ministries in terms of seminars and conferences, these included among others;



Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Organization	Amount Kshs.
Ministry Of health	1,701,000
National Treasury	9,982,390
Kenya Medical Training College	15,176,690
Makueni County	6,320,395
Kenya National Highways Authority	2,438,500
Taita Taveta County	8,729,533
Kenya Revenue Authority	1,238,410
Kenya National Beurea of Statistics	2,438,500
Cabinet office	3,509,000
Minsitry of Livestock	2,190,595
State department for Culture & Heritage	5,094,650
Kilifi County	3,221,297
Kenya Ports Authority	3,438,900
Ministry of Environment & forestry	3,3361,500

All the above transactions were done at arm's-length and no other transactions were done with related parties or their agents.

### 32. RISK MANAGEMENT

### Going Concern

The company is facing a liquidity risk due to the negative working capital of Ksh.(432,916,000) with current assets of Kshs. 269,004,000 as compared to current liabilities of Kshs.701,920,000. This state of affairs is attributed mainly by cumulative losses in the last three years and recently reduced profitability due to COVID 19 pandemic.

### Performance analysis

Kshs '000	2015/2016	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020
Revenue	259,822	235,689	300,951	435,949	401,925
Profit/Loss	(87,097.00)	(73,937.00)	(35,781)	27,688	21,517

The company is currently depending on the trade creditors whose payment has remained a challenge as well as other payables.

Management is hopeful that the company is going to maintain profitability as indicated by the attained profit compared to previous years if COVID 19 pandemic curve is fully flattened and Government opens the economy back to normal business. Meanwhile, Management is



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

reviewing its marketing strategies, putting more focus to the lodges to ensure revenues from the lodges start rising to enable the company reduce its trade creditors and other liabilities. Out of court settlement and negotiations on payment modalities have also been undertaken between trade creditors and KSLH, the company having been issued with demand letters.

	Principal	Interest	Totals	Remarks
VAT	248,844,173			Ongoing engagement
WITHOLDING TAX	9,900,668			,,
PAYE	165,033,163			"
CLT	38,335,000	***************************************		"
PENSION	24,729,040			"
SACCO	3,716,200			"
TRADE CREDITORS	108,323,000			,,

### 33. MANAGEMENT FRAUD

In the year no fraud or suspected abuse of office, misuse of assets or falsifying of statements by those with decision-making authorities or not, was noted in the company.

### 34. DISCLOSURE ON LONG TERM BORROWING

We have disclosed the following information in relation to the long term loan indicated on note 23.

Lender: Tourism Finance Corporation

Repayment Terms: 36Months

Collateral: None (Shareholders loan)

Interest Rate: 0%

Purpose of Loan: - To settle staff liabilities, purchase of generator and air conditioners in

Mombasa Beach Hotel Currency:-Kenya Shillings

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

### APPENDIX 1

# PROGRESS REPORT ON FOLLOW-UP OF DRAFT AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS ON KSLH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2019

Ref No.	Descr	Ref Description and Risk No.	Level of Risk & Management Recommendation Response	Management Response	Focal Point Status person to resolve issue- & designation	Status	Timeframe
1.0	Prese	Presentation issues	HIGH RISK	The financial FM	FM	Resolved	Resolved November
	.;	Age of Acting General Manager is not indicated		statements have been			2019
	ij.	Internal Auditor is listed as part of management team	Recommendations	amended as			
	iii.	Report of Directors erroneously indicates results for	or Effect change on	recommended in			
		the year are set out on pages 1 to 22 instead of page 1   financial statements   clauses i, iii to ix.	financial statements	clauses i, iii to ix.			
	iv.	Statement of Directors responsibilities refers to year regarding		the On item (ii) the			
	1	2017 and 2018 instead of 2019. The report also refers	anomalies listed.	Internal Auditor			٨
		to year/ period instead of year	3 3	position falls under		i	3
1.	>	Note 15 is omitted from statement of profit and loss		Grade IIB in Terms		1	The second secon
-		and other comprehensive income.		and Conditions of			
0 %	vi.	The statement of financial position indicates the note		Service for			
		on borrowings-long term is disclosed at note 13	-	management of			

## Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref Descrip	Description and Risk	Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point Status	Status	Timeframe
No.		Recommendation	Response	person to		
				resolve		
				issue-		
				Name &		
				designation		
	instead of 23		KSLH. This position	-		
vii.	No disclosure has been made on prior year		reports functionally to			_
	adjustment of kshs.1 in the statement of changes in		the Board Audit			
	equity for the year ended 30th June 2019		Committee of KSLH			
viii.	Statement of compliance does not indicate that		Mwongozo Chapter			
	amounts have been rounded off to the+-		3(3.4) says that the			
2	*/89+7nearest thousands, yet all figures in the		Board Audit			
	financial statement are rounded off.		Committee shall:			
ix.	Information on share capital is indicated under note		Ensure that the Head			
	21 retained earnings instead of note 20 share capital		of Internal Audit			
Risks			holds a senior			
Noncoi	Noncompliance with recommended format of presentation		position in the			
prescril	prescribed by Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.		management team is			
		-	professionally			
			qualified and is a			
			member in good			
2			standing of the			
			professional body	£		=

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Going concern         HIGH RISK         HICH RISK         HICH RISK         HICH RISK         Ongoing Ongoing at 30th June 2019         Personnance of Kshs. 250,378,000         Assistance of managed in the manual at 30th June 2019         HICH RISK         The recompany has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000         Assistance of the bear of the manual at 30th June 2019         Assistance of the bear of th	Ref	Ref Description and Risk	Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Timeframe
Going concern  Going concern  The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as at 30th June 2019  The statement of the company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019  The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as stations at 30th June 2019	No.		Recommendation	Response			
Page 2019   Page 2019   Page 2019   Page 2019   Page 2019					resolve		
Congression   Congruent   Co					issue-		
Going concern       HIGH RISK       The recommendation       Accounting Auditors.         The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation and shall performance of the be communicated to recommendation at 30th June 2019       Auditor position.       Accounting Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing Company to raise at 30th June 2019							
Persponsible for regulating Auditors. The SCAC document on guidelines on regulating Auditors. The SCAC document on guidelines on regulating Auditors. The SCAC document of Service for State					designation		
Going concern       HIGH RISK       The SCAC document       Corporations on guidelines on guidelines on guidelines on guidelines on proporations does not guide on Internal attement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation to restructure the officer       Auditor position.         Rkshs. 453,762,000       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 704,140,000 which kshs. 455,805,000 at 330th June 2019       Recommendations the Board of funds for settling at 30th June 2019       Directors.       Proceeded or company to raise the Board of statutory at 30th June 2019       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Directors.       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded current assets balance of kshs. 425,805,000 as statutory       Proceeded curren	1		The state of the first of the f	11			The second section of the second seco
Going concern       HIGH RISK       The SCAC document         Going concern       Terms and Conditions       of Service for State         Corporations does not statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation         The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation       Accounting         Kshs. 453,762,000       Performance of kshs.250,378,000 by Company to raise       Upscale financial moted and shall performance of the Board of funds for settling       Performance of the Board of funds for settling         The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as at 30th June 2019       statutory       The company				regulating Auditors.			
Going concern       Terms and Conditions of State       Corporations does not guide on Internal and termal statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation and statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       Auditor position.       Auditor position.         HIGH RISK       The recommendation and statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation are commendation and shall to recommend the performance of the be communicated to company to raise the Board of statutory       Auditor position.       Accounting ongoing and the recommendation and shall are company to raise the Board of statutory       Auditor position.			-	The SCAC document			
Going concern       HIGH RISK       Terms and Conditions of State       Orgonations does not guide on Internal auditor position.       Auditor position.       Auditor position.         The statement of Financial position as at 30th statement of Experiment assets balance of kshs.704,140,000 which exceeded current assets balance of kshs.704,140,000 which performance of the communicated to company to raise the Board of company to raise the Board of shall be company to raise the board of shall shall be company to raise the board of shall be company to raise the board of shall be company to raise the board of shall be company to raise at 30th shall be company to raise the board of shall be company to the board of shall be company to the board of the board of shall be company to the board of the			To To		2		
Going concern       HIGH RISK       HIGH RISK       The recommendation       Accounting       Ongoing         Foliation of Financial position as at 30th statement of Financial position at 30th statement of Financial position at 30th statement of Financial positions and shall precompany to raise the Board of statement of Financial positions and The company       Accounting Ongoing Suite and Shall precompany				Terms and Conditions			
Going concern       HIGH RISK       HIGH RISK       The recommendation       Auditor position.       Auditor position.         The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019       HIGH RISK       The recommendation       Accounting       Ongoing         reflects current liabilities balance of kshs.704,140,000 which exceeded current assets balance of kshs.250,378,000 by Upscale financial       Recommendations       current TFC loan is performance of the be communicated to company to raise       performance of the Board of the Board of the Board of statutory       performance of the Board of the				of Service for State	u u	Y	
Going concernHIGH RISKHIGH RISKThe recommendation.Auditor position.The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019HIGH RISKThe recommendation.Accounting Ongoingreflects current liabilities balance of kshs.704,140,000 which exceeded current assets balance of kshs.250,378,000 by Upscale financial well noted and shall performance of the communicated to company to raise the Board of statutory.Well noted and shall be communicated to company to raise the Board of statutory.The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as 30th June 2019funds for settling statutory.The company The company to raise the Board of statutory.				Corporations does not	e .		
Going concernHIGH RISKThe recommendationAuditor position.The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019HIGH RISKThe recommendationAccountingOngoingTeflects current liabilities balance of kshs.704,140,000 whichRecommendationscurrent TFC loan isAccountingOngoingExceeded current assets balance of kshs.250,378,000 by Cheek current assets balance of kshs.250,378,000Upscale financialwell noted and shall be communicated to company to raise the Board of the Board of statutoryAccountingThe company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as at 30th June 2019funds for settling obligations and The companyThe company				guide on Internal	1		
Going concernHIGH RISKThe recommendationAccountingOngoingThe statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019HIGH RISKto restructure the officerAccountingOngoingreflects current liabilities balance of kshs.704,140,000 which exceeded current assets balance of kshs.250,378,000 by Upscale financialUpscale financialWell noted and shall be communicated to company to raise funds for settlingHIGH RECOUNTING THE COMMUNICATION STATEMENTSAccountingOngoingThe company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as 30th June 2019StatutoryDirectors.AccountingAccounting				Auditor position.			
Recommendationsto restructure the officerUpscale financial performance of the communicated to company to raise funds for settlingwell noted and shall be communicated to of the Board of statutory.Additional company to raise the dinds for settling obligations and the companyDirectors.	2.0	-	HIGH RISK	The recommendation	Accounting	Ongoing	Continuous
Recommendationscurrent TFC loanUpscale financialwell noted and shperformance of thebe communicatedcompany to raisethe Boardfunds for settlingDirectors.statutoryThe compan		The statement of Financial position as at 30th June 2019		to restructure the	officer	)	
by Upscale financial well noted and shaperformance of the be communicated company to raise the Board 0 as funds for settling Directors.  Statutory The Company obligations and The company 1.5 company		reflects current liabilities balance of kshs. 704,140,000 which		current TFC loan is			
accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as funds for settling Directors.  statutory  performance of the be communicated Board the Board bit by the Board by the Boa			Upscale financial	well noted and shall		75	
s accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as funds for settling Directors.  statutory obligations and The Board company to raise the Board by Board The Company		Kshs. 453,762,000	performance of the	be communicated to	7		
s accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as funds for settling Directors. statutory obligations and The		The second control of	company to raise	Board			
statutory obligations and The	2	The company has accumulated loss of Kshs. 425,805,000 as	funds for settling	Directors.			
and The	1)	at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2019	statutory				

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1		that business will		
,		But we're hopeful		
		international business.		
	Appropriately of the sector of the	We lost both local &		creditors.
		profitable business.		on continued support from the government, bankers and
		with absolutely zero		due and its continued existence as a going concern depends
		down turn of events	obligations	Inability to meet financial obligations as and when they fall
		2020 and with that	financial	Risks
		happened in March	long outstanding	
		COVID 19 pandemic	plan for settling	repayment schedule has not been restructured.
		KSLH however,	a realistic payment	by kshs.4,358,656 as at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2019 yet the loan
		and agencies owed by	schedules and have	The company is behind schedule on repayment of TFC loan
		agreed with creditors	prepayment	statements.
		as discussed and	restructure	for default have not been factored in the financial
		outstanding liabilities	creditors to	period. Penalties and effects of other administrative actions
		we were settling long	Engage with	various agencies which have been outstanding for long
±3		started to improve and		payroll deductions amounting to Kshs. 208, 162,568 due to
		performance had	trade liabilities.	Trade and other payables of Kshs.695,903,000 include
	designation			
	Name &			
	issue-			
	resolve			
	person to	Response	Recommendation	70.
Status Timeframe	Focal Point	Management	Level of Risk &	Kel Description and Kisk
	NATIONAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	THE PERSON NAMED IN	

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref	Ref   Description and Risk	Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Timeframe
No.		Recommendation	Response	person to		
				resolve		
				issue-		
				Name &		
				designation		
			soon pick up and	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- 1	
(E) (E)			we'll honour existing			
			payment plans as and			
			when they fall due.			
		,	We're continuously	1		,
^ _			engaging with the			2 3 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
			creditors and the			
			existing support from			
			these agencies and			
			creditors is very			
			positive.			
3.1	Fully depreciated assets	HIGH RISK	This will be applied	FM	Not	June 2021
	Intangible assets with a total cost of Kshs.3,845,000	Recommendation	for all trading units of		resolved	
	disclosed under note 17 have Nil balance.	Carry out	KSLH upon receipt of			
	Property, Plant and Equipment with a total cost of	revaluation on	Assets revaluation	A Table 6 to 1 over 100%		
	Kshs.195,418,000 disclosed under note 16 have nil balance	assets regularly.	report from			
	yet some of the assets were in use as at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2019.		Privatization			± 8
			Commission and	."		- 1

## **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

	:	3.3										3.2									No.	Ref
June 2019 reflects land and buildings balance of kshs.	Note 16 to the financial statements for the year ended 30 <sup>th</sup>	Freehold land	impact on the company's future revenue generating capacity	Risks - Possible loss of the two lodges may adversely	KWS was not availed for audit verification.	documentary evidence that the request has been accepted by	Management has applied for renewal of the leases but	Ngulia one expired in March 2019.	Voi Safari Lodge lease expired in November 2018 and	Leasehold agreement with Kenya Wildlife Service.	The company operates Voi and Ngulia Safari lodges on	Non compliance with Terms of Leasehold agreement		Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.	Noncompliance with IFRS No. 16 as prescribed by the	Risks						Description and Risk
Recommendations		HIGH RISK	7	-			of the two leases.	process of renewal	Fast track the	Recommendation		HIGH RISK									Recommendation	Level of Risk &
removing Caveat	is in the process of	The Registrar of Title								ongoing.	renewal of leases is	The process of	30 <sup>th</sup> June 2021.	financial statements	be applied to the	TFC. The same shall					Response	Management
	officer	Accounting									officer	Accounting					designation	Name &	issue-	resolve -	person to	Focal Point Status
	resolved	Not								2	resolved	Not										Status
		June 2021	3								1	June 2021		V-12								Timeframe

## Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref No.	Description and Risk	Level of Risk & Recommendation	Management Response	Focal Point person to resolve issue- & designation	Status	Timeframe
	650,221,000. This includes freehold land balance of Kshs. 360,000,000 for Mombasa Beach Hotel whose support lease title was not availed.  Further we were not shown beacons demarcating the land.	Avail lease title for review	charged by Anurali Jaferali M as evidenced by the attached			
	<b>Risks</b> Ownership of freehold land and accuracy of the balance of Kshs. 360,000,000 is doubtful.		correspondence.		*	
4.	Furniture and Fittings Additions Included in furniture and fittings balance of Kshs. 402,000 as at 30 June 2019 and as disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements are additions of Kshs.254,000.	MEDIUM RISK Recommendations Adhere to the provisions of IFRS	KSLH accounting practice classifies the above items as furniture, fixtures and	FM	Resolved	June 2020
	However, these additions included mattresses and plastic chairs totalling to kshs.130,522 contrary to IFRS No. 16 as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.		fittings, IFRS calls for consistency.			
3.5	<b>Depreciation</b> The statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019	HIGH RISK	The depreciation of buildings policy being	FM	Resolved	June 2020

### Annual Report and Financial Statements

		4.1																				No.	Ref
Kshs.53,735,501 which have remained dormant for two	As at 30 June 2019, there were 295 trade debtors totalling to	Long outstanding trade debtors		property and equipment is doubtful	Ownership, valuation, accuracy and completeness of plant,	Risks			of Kshs.421,231,000 by Kshs.2,073,370	2,073,370 and understatement of land and buildings balance	policies This results in depreciation overcharge of Kshs.	2% as disclosed under note 3(b) on significant accounting	charge on buildings computed at the rate of 4.5% instead of	out of which Kshs.3,293,000 is in respect of depreciation	net-of depreciation charge for the year of Kshs. 8,890,000	650,221,000 disclosed in note 16. However, the balance is	reflects property, plant and equipment balance of Kshs.						Description and Risk
Have specific	Recommendations	HIGH RISK												on buildings	depreciation charge	Review	Recommendations					Recommendation	Level of Risk &
strategies to collect	implemented several	Management has	5.4%	years is equivalent to	lease which is 18	remainder period of	buildings over the	valued amount of the	Amortizing the re-	of 18 years to end.	lease had remainder	in 2010 when the	lodges were re-valued	The buildings for	lease period.	the remainder of the	applied is 30 years or					Response	Management
	Officer	Accounting						*										designation	Name &	issue-	resolve	person to	Focal Point Status
		Ongoing														0,							Status
		Continuous																					Timeframe

## Annual Report and Financial Statements

nt received during the period under as not demonstrated efforts to recover impairment of debtors.  ivables of Kshs.186,378,000 is net-of debtors.  ivables of Kshs.186,378,000 is net-of debtors.  There is no specific provision for the that have been outstanding debtors of collect long outstanding debtors includes four entities 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as 30.6.2019  Bal at Bal at 30.6.2018  1,290,925 1,290,925	Ref	Descri	Ref Description and Risk	Hamelin Hamel	Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point Status	Status	Timeframe
Provision   for the old debts   Insue-   provision   for the old debts   Assue-   debtors.	No.					Response			
Provision							resolve		
provision for the old debts impairment of a) Reminder debtors.  Make follow ups to management collect long and main outstanding debts  (TFC) b) Personal visits and telephone calls being done by credit control staff. c) Use of debt of debt							issue-		
provision for the old debts impairment of a) Reminder debtors. letters from both KSLH Make follow ups to management collect long and main outstanding debts (TFC) b) Personal visits and follow ups, e-mails and telephone calls being done by credit control staff. c) Use of debt of debt									
provision for the old debts impairment of a) Remind debtors.  Make follow ups to manager collect long and and outstanding debts (TFC)  b) Persona and tell calls  collect control s  control s  control s  collecto							designation		
impairment of a) Remind debtors.  Make follow ups to manager collect long and outstanding debts  CTFC)  (TFC)  (TF		years	with no paym	ent received during the period under	provision	the old debts		3.5	
other Receivables of Kshs.186,378,000 is net-of ovision for bad and doubtful debts amounting to 3,96 which is 10% on the outstanding debtors of tof debts. There is no specific provision for the outstanding for more acres which may never be recovered.  Is outstanding debtors includes four entities all of Kshs. 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as ellow  Bal at Bal at Bal at 30.6.2018  Bal at Bal at 30.6.2018  Control:  Control:  Control:  Collect long manager and and and and and and tell and tell and tell and tell and tell and tell and		review	v. Management	has not demonstrated efforts to recover	impairment	a) Reminder		-	
t-of Make follow ups to manager and s of collect long and and the collect long sharehold (TFC) and the contstanding debts and ties and ties and tell calls and tell control s control s collecto of		these (	debts		debtors.				
tof Make follow ups to manage and so of collect long and sharehold the contstanding debts (TFC) and the collecto and the control is a control is collecto of colle									
s of collect long and sharehol the courstanding debts cuts (TFC) (TFC) and ties t as control statement and tell calls and tell calls and tell control statement and tell s		Trade	and other Rec	eivables of Kshs.186,378,000 is net-of	Make follow ups to	management			
the (TFC) tore by Persona and ties and tels t as and tels t as and tels calls done by control is collecto		genera	al provision for	r bad and doubtful debts amounting to		and			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
the (TFC) tore b) Persona and ties and tel and tel and tel calls done by control s control s collecto		Kshs.	8,985,096 which	h is 10% on the outstanding debtors of	ding del				1 1
b) Persona and ups, of the collecto of		more	than 180 days.	There is no specific provision for the	,	(TFC)		-	7
es four entities ed to exist as ed to exist as ed to exist as ed to exist as  calls  done by  control;  c) Use of  collecto		impaii	rment of debts	that have been outstanding for more		b) Personal visits			
Kshs. 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as  Kshs. 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as  Bal at Bal at 30.6.2018  Substitute control star control star control star collectors.		than ty	wo years which	may never be recovered.					
Kshs. 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as       and teleph calls         Bal at Bal at 30.6.2019       Bal at Gone by calls to control standard         the 1,290,925       1,290,925       1,290,925       Of Collectors		Furthe	er the list of ou	itstanding debtors includes four entities					_
calls         b           Bal at         Bal at         done by control stance           30.6.2019         30.6.2018         control stance           5 the         control stance         c) Use of collectors.           1,290,925         1,290,925         of		with a	a total of Ksh	s. 9,134,671 which ceased to exist as		and telephone			
Name         Bal at 30.6.2019         Bal at 30.6.2018         done by crontrol star control star control star control star control star collectors.           Office of the Prime Minister         1,290,925         1,290,925         of		tabula	ited below			calls being			,
Name         30.6.2019         30.6.2018         control sta           Office of the Prime         c) Use of collectors.           Minister         1,290,925         1,290,925         of			-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	done by credit			
c) Use of collectors. 1,290,925 1,290,925 of		No.	-			control staff.			
1,290,925 1,290,925 of			Office of the			c) Use of debt			
1,290,925 1,290,925 of		,	Prime			collectors. List		k h	
			Minister					4	

### Annual Report and Financial Statements

Adequacy is doubtful	- 1	Risks	4	ω	2		Ref Descrip
Other Debtors and Prepayments	al loss due to factorial cy of the provi	TOTAL	Mombasa Paradise Hotel	Kenya Coconut Development Authority	Transition Authority		Description and Risk
repayments	Financial loss due to failure to recover the debts Adequacy of the provisions for bad debts of Ks is doubtful	9,134,671	7,810,453	16,830	16,463		
	Financial loss due to failure to recover the debts Adequacy of the provisions for bad debts of Kshs.8,985,096 is doubtful	9,134,671	7,810,453	16,830	16,463		
Other Debtors and Prepayments  HI	985,096						Le Re
HIGH RISK							Level of Risk & Recommendation
There are no set offs	government based and we believe that they shall be paid.	whole figure of debtors outstanding beyond two years. The main debts are	have reason to believe that they may not be recovered and not the	The provision for bad debts is based on list of debtors that we	collectors attached.		Management Response
FM						issue- Name & designation	Focal Point Status person to resolve
Resolved							Status
Resolved Nov 2019							Timeframe

## Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref No.	Ref Description and Risk No.	Level of Risk & Recommendation	Management Response	Focal Point person to resolve issue- & designation	Status	Timeframe
	Kshs.46,337,000. This balance has been arrived at after set off with credit balances amounting to kshs.477,137  Risks  Misstatement of other debtors and prepayments balances in the financial statements.	Review other debtors and prepayments balance	debtors under debtors and prepayments. The schedules supporting these items are attached herein for review.			
5.0	Trade and Other Payables  Trade and other payables as at 30 June 2019 includes long outstanding amounts payable to various statutory bodies in respect of payroll deductions, VAT and other levies amounting to Kshs.479,059,000. No provisions for penalties arising out of these deductions have been provided for in the financial statements.  Service gratuity balance of Kshs.50,182,000 was not supported with a schedule showing provisions per staff and amount paid to each staff	HIGH RISK  Recommendations  Have a realistic plan in settling trade and other payables	We have payment agreements/modalities with existing trade & other creditors. These agreements are being honoured therefore the imposition of interests and penalties is on hold.	FM	Resolved	Continuous

### Annual Report and Financial Statements

	Description and Risk	Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Timeframe
No.		Recommendation	Response	person to resolve	3	
				issue-		
				Name &		
				designation		
	Risks					î.
	Accuracy, completeness and validity of trade and other					
	payables balance of Kshs.695,093,000 is doubtful					
6.0	Share Capital	HIGH RISK	During the	Accounting	Not	June 2021
	The share capital of the company was increased kshs.		incorporation of		resolved	
	9,319,000 to Kshs.100,954,000 through creation of	Recommendations	KSLH, Mountain			
	4,581,785 of kshs. 20. The additional shares were issued	Review the			>	
	through rights issue to existing shareholders in October 2013	valuation of the	was			
	at a price of kshs.20 per share based on par value. However,	shares of the	corporation since			
	the net assets of the company as at 30 June 2013 amounted company	company.	the			
	to kshs. 667,399,000 resulting to an approximate value of	a a	shareholder. MLL			
	Kshs. 1,432 per share, clearly showing that the rights issue					
	price of Kshs. 20 per share was way below their value.		allocated shares in			
	The share holding of the company as at 30 June 2019 is		KSLH since it was a			
	summarized below.		state corporation.			
			At the moment TFC is			
			still the majority			

Annual Report and Financial Statements

No.	Ref Description and Risk No.	and Risk				Level of Risk & Recommendation	Management Response	Focal Point person to resolve issue- Name &	Status	Timeframe
	Share	Shares	Proportion holding	Investors/ ownership			shareholder owning 39.11% of MLL	0		
	TFC	4,161,855	82.45	State Corporation	ý ,					
281	Mountain Lodges ltd	884,853	17.53	private company						
	KWS	1,016	0.02	State Corporation				-	=	
	The compa issuance of	my's Article shares to priv	s of Associ	The company's Articles of Association do not allow issuance of shares to private investors which in this case is	allow					
	Mountain Lo	Mountain Lodges limited.	•			,				
4	Risks It is not cle	ear how and	l why privat	<b>Risks</b> It is not clear how and why private enterprise acquired	quired				A T A A	
* * *	shares in a legality of t	state corpora the share cap	ation, hence a pital value of	shares in a state corporation, hence accuracy, validity a legality of the share capital value of kshs.100,954,000	y and 300 is		A. 1977年 - 1			
=	doubtful		e .						1	2 2 2

### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

During the year under review, the company had approved budget of Kshs. 295,315,000 for recurrent expenditure against actual expenditure of Kshs 302,355,000 resulting to over absorption of Kshs. 7,038,000 as detailed below;	make effecti	Expense budget expenditure absorption making	Mar		10 Budgetary Control and Performance				No. Rec	Ref Description and Risk Lev
	make it more effective	process	emen	Recommendations	HICH DISK				Recommendation	Level of Risk &
	Board Minutes.	per the attached	performance and		The Board of VCI II				Response	Management
				1	designation	Name &	issue-	resolve	person to	Focal Point
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			resolved	Dallin				11	Status
				Julic 2020	2000					Timeframe

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Re	Ref Description and Risk	tion and l	Risk			Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Timeframe
No.						ndatio	Response	_ e _ e		
			Kshs'000'	Kshs'000'	Kshs'000'					
\$ 0 1	Opera	ating	59,493	68,078	8,585					
	Ad	Admin	250	308	× 7			10 mm		
	<u> </u>	3		0,0,1	1,170					The state of the s
	Total Opera expen	iting ses	295,317	302.355	7.038					
	Manage: expendit	ment did ture of Ks	Management did not avail the expenditure of Kshs.7,038,000.	Management did not avail the Board's approval of the expenditure of Kshs. 7,038,000.	roval of the o	over				-
	Risks Preparat	ion and a	proval of u	<b>Risks</b> Preparation and approval of unrealistic budget	get			A Company of the Comp		
1.0		to establi the year er y's budge	Failure to establish a sinking fund During the year ended 30 June 2019 company's budget without provisi	Failure to establish a sinking fund During the year ended 30 June 2019, the Board approved company's budget without provision for the renewal		the of Recommendations	The Sinking fund was discussed and approved by KSLH	Accounting	Resolved	

#### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

Recommendation Response person to resolve issue- ate Establish a sinking Board on 11th July 2019. The investment of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)  However the recent government directive (circular attached) has directed state corporation not to invest surplus funds	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)  However the recent government directive (circular attached) has directed state corporation not to	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)  However the recent government directive (circular attached) has directed state	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July and a sinking beard of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)  However the recent government directive (circular attached) has	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July 2019. The investment of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)  However the recent government directive	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July and a sinking beard of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)  However the recent	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July and sinking fund. The investment converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements under note 25(page18)	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking and the sinking been disclosed in the finance statements under note	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July 2019. The investment of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the finance statements	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July and the investment of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has been disclosed in the	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking fund. The same has	
Recommendation Response  Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund  fund  Of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been converted to sinking	Inability to replace/ renew fully depreciated assets
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund 2019. The investment of Kshs. 19.9 million has now been	Breach of law
Recommendation Response  Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July fund 2019. The investment of Kshs. 19.9 million	Risks
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11th July fund 2019. The investment	
Recommendation Response  Establish a sinking Board on 11 <sup>th</sup> July	Corporations Act, CAP 446 fund
Response	y to Section 16(1) of the State Establish
Response	
Response	
Response	
Response	
тытанадешени	No. Recomme
Managament	Ref Description and Risk Level of

#### Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref No.	Ref Description and Risk No.	Level of Risk & Recommendation	Management Response	Focal Point person to resolve issue-	Status	Timeframe
				Name & designation		
			clear then how sinking fund shall be		2 8	
			accumulated and preserved.			
2.0	Operations of the Trust Deed and Staff Retirement Benefits scheme	HIGH RISK	The company	FM	Resolved	
	During the year under review, the company did not remit	Recommendations	ICEA LION is in			
	insurance premiums for staff death benefits contrary to rule	Honour the	place and it covers			
	2(d) and rule 4 of the scheme Trust Deed and rules which	provisions in the	provisions in the compensation when			
	require the company to pay a special contribution as a	staff	Retirement   death occurs to any of			
	premiums for death benefits for its staff. Further no	Benefits Scheme	its employees. A good			
	budgetary provisions have been made in these financial	Trust Deed	example is that ICEA			
	statements.		LION is processed			
			compensation for Mr.			
	Risks		James Njeru who			
	Breach of Trust Deed Rules		passed on in the	767 A 117 (1140 11 O) (1140 11 O)		
	Intended family beneficiaries may not benefit incase of		current financial year.	11		
	death of employee.					

#### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

	4.0											3.0					No.	Ref
Audit Fees amounting to Kshs. 2,478, 000 has been outstanding for more than three years contrary to section 41 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 which provides that funds for the Auditor General shall consist of the audit fees charged at rates prescribed by the Auditor General.		Risks Breach of law		framework and fiscal policy objectives	strategic plan in conformity with the medium term fiscal	officer of a National Government Entity to prepare a	Act, 2012 Section 68(2) (g) which requires an accounting	2019. This is contrary to the Public Financial Management	the next period 2018-2022 as at the time of audit November	to expire in November 2018 yet none has been prepared for	The Company's strategic plan for the period 2012-2018 was	Strategic Plan						ef Description and Risk
Recommendations Review audit fees balance and pay in time.	HIGH RISK					strategic plan	preparing a	process of	Fast track the	Recommendations	- 9	HIGH RISK					Recommendation	Level of Risk &
reported in the financial statements is based on the fee notes received from OAG.  The past audit fees	Audit		as scheduled.	by board of directors	discussed & finalized	final version shall be	on 11th July 2019. The	Board meeting held	presented to the	in place. It was	plan (shared in soft) is	The Draft strategic					Response	Management
	FM				2						Officer	Accounting	designation	Name &	issue-	resolve	person to	Focal Point Status
resolved	Not						5				resolved	Not						Status
	June 2021				,	· Salada Jy		-				June 2021						Timeframe

#### Annual Report and Financial Statements

×	Ref   Description and Risk	Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Timeframe
Z	No.	Recommendation	Response	person to resolve issue-		
				Name & designation		
	In addition, according to audit confirmation by the OAG, audit fees due from KSLH is Kshs. 6,285,750 as at 30 June		were being paid. Also a team from			
13.6	2019 resulting to un reconciled variance of Kshs.3,807,750		OAG Nairobi visited			* ==
	Risks		raised reservations on		/	-
	Breach of law		incorrectness of their		of stretches has been filed	The second second
	Understatement of expenses		statement. They			1
			promised to reconcile then revert back			
1.0	.0 Manual Receipting of Revenue	HIGH RISK	The current Fidelio	Accounting	Not	June 2021
	The company has Fidelio system which can do process		system V7 which is in	officer	resolved	
	reservation, bill and generate invoices while receipts are	Recommendations	place does not have	Activities of the same surrent street	Action for the property	
100	manually written.	Upgrade the system	an internal module for			
8 <u>1</u>		to have receipting	receipting (manual			
	Risks	function.	booklet shared in soft)			
	Manual receipting exposes the company to misappropriation		Also see the response			

#### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

	2.0		Ref No.
	Control on printing of accountable documents  The company use manually printed accountable documents including receipts and local purchase orders among others. Information available indicates that the company contracted a printing firm whose contract expired 5 years ago Further information available indicates that even though the contract expired, the firm continues receiving orders for printing from the hotel thus putting the hotel at risk incase of	of revenue, theft and inaccuracies due to unreliable records	Description and Risk
	Recommendations Institute proper controls on printing of accountable documents that will		Level of Risk & Recommendation
2019/ 2020 FY	The existing supplier for accountable documents is a valid prequalified and registered supplier and has an award letter to supply the said documents for	from Novacom to support this.  However, we are in the process of procuring an ERP which shall have receipting function.	Management Response
	FM		Focal Point Status person to resolve issue- Name & designation
	Resolved	-	
			Timeframe

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref No.	f Description and Risk	Level of Risk & Recommendation	Management Response	Focal Point person to resolve issue- Name & designation	Status	Timeframe
·	without any control on the usage.  Risks  Evanceure to fraud where normallel receipts/ I DO may be used.			a prompt or a confirmation of	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	e de la companya de l
.1	to process unauthorized transactions.					
3.0	Non integration of accounting system  Information availed for audit indicates that the hotel uses	HIGH RISK	The connectivity of Sun system has been	Accounting Officer	Not resolved	Ongoing
	Sun system for maintaining books of accounts at Mombasa	Recommendation	tried through			
В	Beach hotel. The system has capability of being operated in multiple locations via network. However it has not been	Integrate the accounting system	technology called Citrix and internet			
	rolled to Voi and Ngulia Safari lodges forcing the lodges to	for the three units	connection done via			
			work due to terrain			
	Sun accounting system.		weather af			
- 1	Risks		the VSA1 connectivity.			
	Exposure of accounting data to manipulation, damage or even loss		We have annroached			
	Possible loss of business opportunities due to lack of up to		Safaricom to install			

#### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

												4.0										No.	Ref
Company has contravened its own policy on debt	The long outstanding debts are an indication that the	the balance on departure or within 30 days.	payment of a 50% deposit of the quotation amount and settle	provides that customers shall be allowed credit upon	However, section 2.3.2 of the Company's draft Credit Policy		represents 79% of the total trade debtors.	have been outstanding for more than six months which	Kshs.149,026,265 which includes Kshs.117,471,125 which	June 2019 reflects trade debtors balance of	Note 19 to the financial statements for the year ended 30	Weak controls on debt management					date information to facilitate instant decision making.						Description and Risk
		place.	credit committee in	Have a functional				credit policy	provisions of the	Adhere to the	Recommendations	HIGH RISK										Recommendation	Level of Risk &
service or goods.	settling any bill for	processes before	procurement	comply with all	are supposed to	pay deposit as they	departments rarely	that government state	attached). It is a fact	reviewed (copy	policy has been	The existing credit	system to be realized.	connectivity of Sun	network for the	able to support 3G	communication mast					Response	Management
	:							z <sup>*</sup>				FM						designation	Name &	issue-	resolve	person to	Focal Point Status
	-			Resolved							resolved	Not											Status
		1		22								Continuous											Timeframe

Annual Report and Financial Statements

	Ket Description and Kisk			Level of Risk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Timeframe
No.				Recommendation	Response	person to		
						resolve		
						issue-		
						Name &		
						designation		
	management.		er er'i o eesti i voi eestie i j	Company of the part of the december of	The credit committee			
	Further, at the time of	Further, at the time of audit, the credit committee had not	ttee had not		members exist as			
	been constituted.			- ,	evidenced by attached			
	Risks		Y	a a	letters. Vetting of the			
	Contravention of provis	Contravention of provisions of the Company's Credit policy	Credit policy		clients is happening			
	Exposure to cashflow constraints	onstraints			and it's good to note			
					that it's a continuous		i	
	* '				exercise.		24 0	
0	Food cost			ASIG HOLL	Vous MBU mon	EN	Decelered	1,,20,000
2		1 1 1 1	J :-	HIGH MSN	I oui MDri ilialiual	FIM	Resolved	June 2019
	The Company's innanc	The Company's imancial manual provides that the ratio of	the ratio of		computations of food			
	cost of food against foc	cost of food against food income should not be above 35%.	above 35%.	Recommendations	cost have not			
	However, audit analysis	However, audit analysis of cost of food against food income	food income	Review food cost incorporated	incorporated snacks			
- 1	during the period under	during the period under audit revealed unsatisfactory state of	ctory state of	controls to bring	controls to bring revenue that is found	,1		
	affairs as follows:			the cost to	to in a schedule called	(mine to make a manufacture and a month of the control of the		
			% OF	acceptable industry	'functions'			
		FOOD	COST	standards.	Our food cost target	. ,		
	UNIT	INCOME(KSHS) (KSHS)	INCOME		ratio is 40% which is			

#### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

					6.0																No.	Ref
and marketing manager.	positions of sa	vacant althoug	revealed that a	Audit review of	Lack of mark	of the business	High food cos	Risks	ten months out	All the three u	Louge	I odge	Ngulia Safari	Lodge	Voi Safari	Mombasa Beach Hotel						Description and Risk
manager.	les and marketin	gh the managen	Il positions in th	of the staff establ	Lack of marketing department		High food cost that has adverse effects		ten months out of twelve months	nits operated abo	21,004,223	21 861 775		60,182,215		121,172,085						nd Risk
п	positions of sales and marketing manager and assistant sales	vacant although the management recently advertised the	revealed that all positions in the marketing department were	Audit review of the staff establishment structure of the hotel	ıt				S.	All the three units operated above the ratio of 35% in at least	7,848,007	7 8 18 060		24,239,929		55,511,486						
	sistant sales	vertised the	rtment were	of the hotel			on the profitability			% in at least	30%	260/		40%		46%						
marketing	positions	Fill the		Recommendations	HIGH RISK																Recommendation	Level of Risk &
	in the	vacant		ndations	SK																ndation	Risk &
executive.	and	have beer	whose	marketing	There										acceptable standards.	in tandem hotel					Response	Management
However,	marketing	have been by sales	operations	marketing department	exists										standards.	with the industry			e de la companya de l			ent
				officer	Accounting												designation	Name	issue-	resolve	person	Focal Point Status
				e e	Resolved													&			to 0	nt Status
				4	d June 2020																	Timeframe

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No.		Level of Kisk &	Management	Focal Point	Status	Imetrame
		Recommendation	Response	person to		
				resolve		
				issue-		
				Name &		
Service Transfer Colors of				designation		
It	It is therefore not clear how the company has been	department	the staff deficiencies			
ma	marketing its products to the potential customers.		have been witnessed			
		*	due to staff turnover			
Ri	Risks - Negative effects on brand image, sales volume and		and natural attrition	÷		
prc	profitability of the company.		and efforts to have the			
			department equipped			n .
			with the needed			
8			staffing is in place.			
			The Board recruited			
			Sales and Marketing			
Ti .			Manager in March			10123
			2020.			
			Two Sales and			
	The second of th		Marketing Executives	The second section of the sect		9
	The second section of the second second section is the second section of the second section of the second section second section secti	A Commence of the Commence of	were recruited in		And the second s	
			December 2019.			
7.0 La	Lack of Substantive General Manager	HIGH RISK	The Board approved	HRM	Not	June 2021
Th	The company is headed by an Acting General Manager who		recruitment of		resolved	

#### **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

er er			brought about by			
			circumstances			
7.2			extraordinary			
Property of the control of the contr		American Company of the Company of t	Public service on the	1		:
			management notified			
			extended. However			
			contract was			
			acting appointment			
			Pandemic and the			
-			of COVID 19			
			due to adverse impact			
			position is pending	Appointment.		
			of the substantive	confirm the Acting	General Manager or confirming the Acting appointment.	
			2020 however filling	Manager or else	It is not clear why the Board has delayed recruiting the	
			conducted in February	substantive General	effective administrative direction and leadership.	
			Interviews were	recruitment of a	not provide	
-			Manager and	Fast track	contract has been extended twice. Due to the nature of	
			substantive General	Recommendations	has been in the position since August 2018 and whose	
		designation	desig			
		ne &	Name			
		P	issue-			
		lve	resolve	Control of the contro		
		son to	Response person	Recommendation		No.
Timeframe	Status	Focal Point	Management Focal	Level of Risk &	Description and Risk	Ref

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Ref	Ref Description and Risk	Level of Risk & Management	Management	Focal Point Status	Status	Timeframe
No.		Recommendation Response		person to		
				resolve		
				issue-		
				Name &		
				designation		
			COVID 19 Pandemic			
		-	making the hiring			
			difficult.			

**Annual Report and Financial Statements** 

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# APPENDIX II – PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED BY THE ENTITY

	_	1.5	_	1.5	<b>N</b>		Zo.
7.	6	5.	4.	က်	2.		
24000 ltr water tank for Mombasa beach Hotel	Borehole Repair	Renovation of staff houses and Sample room	Duvets	9 sets of outdoor Furniture and a Sample set from Mellar antiques	142pcs 32" Digital Tv's & 7pcs 42" Digital Tv's	55 New Air conditioners	Name of the Project
Water reserve	Water reserve/cost cutting measures	Comfort of staff and upgrade of existing guest rooms	Enhancement of Guest rooms	Enhancement of Guest facilities	Entertainment in guests rooms	Comfort of guests' in the bedrooms to minimize guest complaints	Objective of the Project
1,360,000	1,000,000	1,400,000	424,000	450,000	4,530,000	8,960,000	Initial Project Cost
255,000	554,300(additional costs were incurred before completion)	1,500,000.00	277,530.00	448,200	2,769,000.00 245,000.00	2,326,000	Actual Project Cost as at 30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2020
50%	85%	80%	50%	100%	100%	100%	of Project Completion as at 30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2020
	NSL	NSL	VSL	MBH	MBH	MBH	Remarks

#### Annual Report and Financial Statements

· ×	100 conference chairs	Enhancement of guests' facilities	400,000	290,000	100%	
	Total		18,524,000	8,727,090		

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For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# APPENDIX III- INTER – ENTITY TRANSFERS

Annual Report and Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2020 APPENDIX IV- RECORDING OF TRANSFERS FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

